Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

The Senatorial deadlock at Albany is still unbroken, with the Administration party in the lead.

The principal objection to Mr. Wm. E. Chandler, beyond what is strictly personal, is that he is one of the best organizers of a political campaign in the country. The Democrats vote against him to a man, yet they never refused to vote for a Democrat, whether he was or was not reputable. Mr. Chandler's reputation, however, is quite up to the average and his abilities far beyond that.

The fishery industries of the Pacific States make a very creditable showing for the past year. An invested capital of about two and three-quarter millions is credited with the returns amounting to nine and a half millions of dollars. Of course there are wages and expenses to be deducted from the result, but the margin is sufficiently wide to allow an ample net profit after all deductions.

It was a young Creek Indian who stood up before the assembled multitude at the Carlisle School and said: "The education which we are getting here is not like our land—it is something that cannot be stolen nor bought from us." The reporter forwards no pale-face blushes, but that one little Indian had driven his tomahawk into the marrow of the Indian question, and not a soul offered to shoot him down.

North American: Exactly what is the use of establishing in the United States a German university we cannot precisely say. It might suit the purpose of those Europeans who desire to see the German element in the United States adhere to the German language and nationality. But such a thing would not be consistent with that process of absorption and consolidation which is indispensable to the harmony of this Republic.

Of all the countries of Europe, the Russian Empire has for the past century suffered the least loss of population by emigration. Even now when the long continued reign of terror resulting from the struggle between the Nihilists and the autocratic power appears to have stirred up a formidable emigration movement, it does not come to America. It goes off eastward into Siberia, a country where the pressure of Russian despotism is said to be but lightly felt.

General Grant continues to make astonishing statements. In a second Chicago interview he says: "When I was acting as President, if a single Senator from any State objected to an appointment, it was not made, although some Cabinet officer might have favored it." He cannot have forgotten that he made Simmon's appointment for Collector of Boston in the face of the onjection of both Senators and the full Massachusetts delegation in Congress, except Butler, and having made it refused to withdraw it though an overwhelming majority of the Republicans of the State protested against it.

There is every indication that Secretary Windom, in a quiet, though unostentatious manner, is determined to pull up the weeds which have grown so rankly in the Treasury Department. In doing this he will not only largely benefit the nation coffers, but will make for himself a brilliant record. Good fellowship appears to have obtained to such an extent in the public service that discipline and its resultant scrutiny have been wholly ignored. There are probably instances in which the spoils have been shared; there are certainly cases in which irregularities, to use a mild term, have been either unnoticed or connived at.

The Albany Bribery Case.

The Albany bribery case furnishes a good illustration of thundering in the preface of a very tame book. The main parties to the alleged crookedness have been on the witness stand, have had their say, and returned to the crowd of spectators without creating the slightest sensation. If bribery was intended, it was dreadfully bungled. Here comes a man declaring that he was approached on the subject of a vote as a legislator. He declares that he contracted to vote for Depew in consideration of $2000 lawful money to him in hand paid. We do not know much about bribes' methods. They are not printed and posted on the doorposts. There are no schools established and kept open to the public for instructions in bribery. But it may be assumed that bribers do their miserable business on business principles. They probably pay their money when the work is done. We may assume that, because a man who will sell his vote cannot be trusted. A second-rate fool might trust such a rascal, but a thorough rascal would not trust a small rascal.

As respects bribery, but few honest men have ever been bribed. If any such have been approached, it is probably because they have designedly simulated the manners of persons who want to be corrupted. Of course Mr. Bradley may have done this, but it is a little remarkable that those best acquainted with him appear to be incredulous. It is more than whispered that if anybody tried to bribe Bradley, they did it because they knew their man. It is Bradley's misfortune to be his own sole witness. The man who he declares paid him the money positively swears that not only was no money paid, but none talked of to be paid. It appears to be a question of veracity, and such questions have to be settled by the triers.

The parties interested will do well to keep an eye on that money. It ought undoubtedly to be declared forfeited and coverted into the State treasury. If any one man furnished the money, he will get somebody to object to the reception of the resolution. If the money was taken from a pool, probably nobody would presume to object. The money is not necessary to the investigation except it be identified and traced to some person. Here is a lump of hard cash to which a stigma attaches, and which upon the sworn testimony of one man is without a legal owner. It comes under the law of escheats. The State should have the benefit of it. It should be placed beyond the reach of Bradley at all events. In some instances money so circumstanced has disappeared very suddenly and mysteriously. It was only the other day that some of that kind of cash mysteriously disappeared in this city. That was the allegation. The money was in an envelope, out of which it got and could not be found. Bradley's find is so well worth having that it will bear watching.—*North American.*

The Paper-Money Party.

A Philadelphia journal, the *North American*, thinks the greenback labor party has exhibited little else than nonsense during the past three or four years, and that it is about time it went out of business. It says:

The National Greenback Labor party invites public attention to the fact of its existence by holding a State Convention in Pottsville. Prior to the last Presidential canvass it was confidently expected that this party would hold the balance of power and dictate its terms in Congress and in the election of President to both the Republican and Democratic parties. The method of doing this was by combining with the Democrats in a few States like Maine Indiana, etc., to secure enough electoral votes to defeat an election by the people, and throw the choice into the lower House of Congress. But the Democrats broke faith with this arrangement first so that practically a reference to the lower House of Congress would have resulted in the choice of a Democratic President. Finally the game was defeated by the determined canvass which resulted in the election of President Garfield. Still the party seems to be kept in the field to serve some convenient political purpose, and as this is an off year in political matters, the National Greenback Labor party makes its appearance for the purpose of assisting the Democrats to defeat the Republicans of Pennsylvania. Every public measure opposed by this party has been successfully carried into effect. Every measure it demanded and insisted upon has been signally beaten. The paper currency of the country has not been expanded by the issue of additional greenbacks; the national banks have not been forced into liquidation: they have not been compelled to issue greenbacks in place of their circulation, or to submit to a stoppage of interests on their bonds. Specie payments have been resumed and maintained; the ascendency of the gold basis has been resolutely adhered to and sustained; gold has continued to increase in the national Treasury, in the banks and in active circulation; the silver dollars accumulate in the Treasury and have failed to destroy the gold basis, and therefore all attempts have failed to revive the State bank currency; the country has refused to recognize any necessity whatever for the permanence of the war debt, and the government has continued to reduce very largely both the principal and the interest of it. Yet the advocate of unlimited paper money still go on maintaining their party organization passing resolutions, making speeches electing delegates, holding conventions and nominating candidates for office. It seems about time that this nonsense was stopped.

The New York *Tribune* thinks Peter Herdic is the man New Yorkers have been looking for for many years. It says:

We have had many promises of cheap cabs in years past and a few ill-managed and short lived experiments in that direction. The need of such vehicles becomes greater as the city increases in population. Mr. Peter Herdic, of Williamsport, Penn., proposes to be the long-looked for benefactor who will supply this evident want. All New York will wish him success. This is the only great city in the world where public carriages are such an expensive luxury as to be of little use in the ordinary affairs of business and pleasure. We shall have made an important advance in civilization when, as is the case in London and Paris, a cab can be hired in any busy street for 50 cents an hour or 25 cents for a trip of less than three miles.

Things seem to be in rather a bad way at Panama, where the prospects of M. De Lesseps' Canal are by no means so cheerful as they were reported to be a few months ago. Dissensions have broken out among the overseers of the enterprise, the payment of the laborers is in arrears, and worse than all, the unhealthy season has set in exceptionally early, and threatens to be more than usually fatal. The timid people who were so alarmed at M. De Lesseps' boldness and energy; who deplored the equanimity with which our government observed the proceedings, and who were so anxious that the Monroe doctrine should without any delay be brought to bear upon the situation, may safely reassure themselves. When American capitalists are prepared to construct the canal they will hardly suffer much from M. De Lesseps' competition.

General Grant says the "Administration seems to have captured a good many newspapers." It also "seems to have captured" nine hundred and ninety-nine out of every one thousand Republicans. The bait used in both captures was the same—straight forward and manly devotion to Republicans principles.

Indian Schools.

It is rumored that President Garfield and some members of the Cabinet are to make a visit this week to the training school for Indians at Carlisle Barracks. This is an accordance with Captain Pratt's prudent policy of keeping the school and its object constantly before the public, that the American people may realize how great a work is being done there for the red man, and be willing to give material to help it. There can be no doubt as to the importance of this work. The boys and girls who are being educated at Hampton and Carlisle, when they return to their tribes, will each be a missionary to carry back the religion, habits, knowledge and skill of the whites, and, unlike the best-intentioned white missionary, will teach them with the zeal and success of those who work for their own race and blood. The chiefs of every friendly tribe are eager to send their children to these schools.

Captain Pratt announced lately that he could have a thousand scholars if he had accommodations for them, and it is his wish, we understand, that the school at Carlisle should be enlarged to receive this number. The superintendent's ambition in this outruns his discretion. The good to be acquired by the Indian pupil will be proportionate to his intimate individual association with a large surrounding number of whites and the personal training given to himself by them. In the Hampton school the closest attention is devoted to the development of each scholar; he is given that trade or pursuit to which his peculiar ability directs him; in short, he is carefully fitted, as far as practicable, to become a social and moral lever to raise his peopel into civilization. A thousand Indians massed into any school could receive no such influences; they must be drilled and trained in a body, and would remain Indians to the end. The plan too much resembles that of the old Saxon kings who ordered out their troops to be baptized Christians in battalions. Let us bring one thousand or ten thousand of these wronged people if possible among us to educate, but let them be scattered through the schools and assimilated at once as nearly as possible to the condition of their white brethren, if we really wish to make them resemble them. An Indian school of a thousand would be on a par with our enormous, packed, ill-conducted asylums or hospitals, and not a whit more beneficial to its inmates. The American, new to works of charity or philanthropy, must make his material into a huge lump before he begins to work on it. After a while, he will have learned more wisdom, as the English and French already have done.

The Boston *Journal* gives the following correct estimate of General Grant:

"Every sincere friend of General Grant," said a veteran Republican yesterday, "will deeply regret that he entertains the sentiments which are attributed to him in the Chicago dispatch. They are not the sentiments he held when first elected President, and they are in no sense Republican sentiments, but opinions he has come to entertain of late." This, we believe, is the feeling of a large majority of the Republican party, and of many thousands of men who will never cease to remember the great service of General Grant. But our people are not hero worshippers. If General Grant's views are not sound: or if he takes the wrong side of important issues, he will not be followed by thoughtful men.

Ex-Senator Thurman declines to be considered a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio. A letter, written in Paris on May 28 to his son, is published in the Ohio newspapers and runs as follows: "I see by the newspapers that I am talked about as a candidate for Governor. I made up my mind when I left the Senate that I would return to private life for good and ever, and I remain of that mind. If, therefore, there is any disposition to nominate me you will tell my friends that I cannot accept My private affairs, too long neglected, need all my attention; and besides, I have arrived at that age when a man ought to quit holding office. I have had my full share of the honors. Let the younger men come to the front. I would not have accepted the appointment I now hold but for my desire to see Europe, and the fact that it would be of short duration. I shall always take a deep interest in politics, and do my best for the success of the Democratic party; but I do not want office. If the Democratic party act wisely we shall carry every doubtful State next fall."

What a terrible "if" that is to climb over.

A good deal of loose talk is being indulged in by the Democratic newspapers, and certain alleged Republican journals about the probability of Ohio being lost to the Republican column this year. The same thing is also said of Pennsylvania and is charged of New York. As for Ohio, none of the newspapers of that State which are credited with political prescience express any doubts of the re-election of Governor Foster next October. There is not a single journal in the State which does not support him and the Administration. In fact, the Republican party of Ohio never appeared to be and probably never was more united than it is at present. The same thing is true of Pennsylvania, and so far from the State being lost to the party next fall the probability is that it will give one of its greatest majorities. The real Republicanism of Pennsylvania has been quickened instead of being dulled by the events which have happened at Harrisburg since the first of January, and at Washington since the 4th of March.

Beltzhoover is at it again. He was charged by *The Philadelphia Press* with lobbying at Harrisburg against a bill to prevent speculating in life insurance, and he at once telegraphed a denial over his signature, pronouncing the charge "wholly false." Instead of being "wholly false" it was notoriously true. A member from Beltzhoover's own district called the attention of the House to Beltzhoover's presence on the floor, said he was lobbying there, and that he had been trying to persuade him to vote against the bill. There is nothing surprising about this. Beltzhoover was caught in a lie last fall, but in the face of it his Democratic constituents reelected him to Congress. He took that as evidence that lying was what they wanted, and he accordingly continues to give it to them.

Jeff. Davis's Account of His Capture.

My horse and those of my party proper were saddled preparatory to a start, when one of my staff, who had ridden into a neighboring village returned and told me that he had heard that a marauding party intended to attack the camp that night. This decided me to wait long enough to see whether there was any truth in the rumor, which I supposed would be ascertained in a few hours. My horse remained saddled and my pistols in the holsters, and I lay down, fully dressed, to rest. Nothing occurred to arouse me until just before dawn, when my coachman, a free colored man, who faithfully clung to our fortunes, came and told me there was firing over the branch, just behind our encampment. I stepped out of my tent and saw some horsemen, whom I immediately recognized as cavalry, deploying around the encampment. I turned back and told my wife these were not the expected marauders, but regular troopers. She implored me to leave her at once. I hesitated from unwillingness to do so, and lost a few precious moments before yielding to her importunity. My horse and arms were near the road on which I expected to leave and down which the cavalry approached. It was therefore impracticable to reach them. I was compelled to start in an opposite direction.

As it was quite dark in the tent, I picked what was supposed to be my "raglan"—a waterproof light overcoat without sleeves. It was subsequently found to be my wife's, so very like my own as to be mistaken for it. As I started my wife thoughtfully threw over my head and shoulders a shawl. I had gone perhaps fifteen or twenty yards when a trooper galloped up and ordered me to halt and surrender, to which I gave a defiant answer, and dropping the shawl and raglan from my shoulders, advanced toward him. He leveled his carbine at me, but I expected if he fired he would miss me, and my intention was in that event to put my hand under his foot, tumble him off on the other side, and spring into his saddle and attempt to escape. My wife, who had been watching, saw the soldier aim his carbine at me, ran and threw her arms around me. Success depended upon instantaneous action, and recognizing that the opportunity had been lost, I turned back, and the morning being damp and chilly, passed on to a fire beyond the tent.

Secret Societies' Responsibility.

A suit of general interest to all secret societies was decided in the Common Pleas Court at Scranton a day or two ago. In October, 1874, John Vaughn loaned Capous Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Hyde Park, $1,000 and felt secure in a judgment note for the amount from the trustees of the lodge and obtained judgment upon it in Luzerne county. Subsequently the real estate of the lodge was sold, and the money raised thereby was exhausted before the Vaughn judgment was reached. Subsequently the lodge surrendered its charter, and Mr. Vaughn died, and his administrator began suit in assumpsit against sixteen members of the lodge. The facts as stated above were not brought into question, and the point at issue turned solely upon the right of plaintiff to collect from individual members the debts owing by the lodge. In his charge Judge Handley held that the lodge was a co-partnership, and that the members were liable for its debts. The jury retired, and after a brief absence returned with a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, and against the members of the lodge, in the sum of $1,332.24, being the full claim of the plaintiff.

Missionaries in Japan find opponents in foreign teachers who have introduced European scepticism.

Late Pennsylvania News.

Prof. King the Philadelphia aeronaut, is at work on a new balloon.

Mercer county Greenbackers will hold a county convention on the 23d inst.

Senator Mitchell will be the orator at the Lewisburg University commencement.

Dolphin county farmers say potato bugs were never so numerous as they are now.

Sparrows have begun to exterminate the bees. It's the business of an insectiverous bird.

Petitions are in circulation in Johnstown asking for tuition in the German language in the public schools.

Monocacy Furnace, of Monocacy, Berks county, has been put in blast after being idle two months for repairs.

The Mayor of Harrisburg is making war on the vendors of toy pistols. He considers them deadly weapons. His head is level.

Internal revenue agents have been seizing liquor in Hazleton, claiming that the dealers had reduced the spirits below proof.

Henry and Frank Rumberger, convicted at Harrisburg a few weeks ago for murder in the first degree, have been allowed a new trial.

William Buehler, a prominent citizen of Harrisburg, was found dead in bed on Monday. Heart disease is said to have been the cause.

The tenth annual meeting of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Central Pennsylvania commenced at York yesterday.

Speculation in coal lands is now raging in the western part of the State, Westmorland county being partiularly affected by the boom.

Daniel Moran, and Henry Lonsberger, who were injured by the boiler explosion at Pottsville on Friday, died of their injuries on Saturday.

No. 3 blast furnace, of the Phœnix Iron Works, Phœnixville, was put in operation Friday. It has been out of blast for several years.

Mrs. Harper, a colored woman, living in Rock Hill township, Bucks county, accidentily shot and killed her husband a few days ago, while examining a gun.

John McBride, a machinelst employed in the Altoona car shops, was struck by a train at Mineral Point on Monday, and received injuries which caused his death in a few hours.

A party of Bethlehem, old girls undertook to give a widower a tin horn serenade on the occasion of his second marriage, but were prevented from doing so by a shower of hot water thrown on them by the irrate bride.

Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnson, who is now at Wheatland, the former home of the late President Buchanan, her uncle, is nursing her only remaining child, a bright boy eleven years old, of whose restoration to health his parents have little hope.

Indianapolis during the last six months has had the most remarkable religious revival in its history, no less than 2,000 converts having been made. Much of this result is due to the Rev. Thomas Harrison, well known as "the boy preacher."

Poetry.

Aunt Nancy's Mind on the Subject

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

And this is the new New Testament,
And 'tis come in the sweet o' the year,
When the fields are shining in cloth of gold,
And the birds are singing so clear;
And over and into the grand old text,
Reverent and thoughtful men,
Through many a summer and winter past,
Have been peering with book and pen,

Till they've straightened the moods and tenses out,
And dropped each obsolete phrase,
And softened the strong, old-fashioned words
To our daintier modern ways;
Collated the ancient manuscripts,
Particle, verb, and line,
And faithfully done their very best
To improve the book divine.

I haven't a doubt they have meant it well,
But it is not clear to me
That we needed the trouble it was to them,
On either side of the sea.
I can not help it, a thought that comes—
You know I am old and plain—
But it seems like touching the ark of God,
And the touch to my heart is pain.

For ten years past, and for five times ten
At the back of that, my dear,
I've made and mended and toiled and saved,
With my Bible ever near.
Sometimes it was only a verse at morn
That lifted me up from care,
Like the springing wings of a sweet-voiced lark
Cleaving the golden air;

And sometimes of Sunday afternoons
'Twas a chapter rich and long,
That came to my heart in its weary hour
With the lilt of a triumph song.
I studied the precious words, my dear,
When a child at my mother's knee,
And I tell you the Bible I've always had
Is a good enough book for me.

I may be stubborn and out of date,
But my hair is white as snow,
And I love the things I learned to love
In the beautiful long ago.
I can not be changing at my time;
'Twould be losing a part of myself.
You may lay the new New Testament
Away on the upper shelf.

I cling to the one my good man read
In our fireside prayers at night;
To the one my little children lisped
Ere they faded out of my sight.
I shall gather my dear ones close again
Where the many mansions be,
And till then the Bible I've always had
Is a good enough book for me.

Our Story Teller.

A Little Gold Owl.

'Do you know what a famous Russian beauty once wrote in her album? No? Let me tell you then. 'The Frenchman understands best the art of talking love, the Italian of acting it, but the German rocks it to sleep, while the Pole ruins it all."

'And the American?' pleaded a musical voice in the ear of the first speaker.

The lady made no immediate reply. The pair stood in the wings of tiny amateur theatre in one of our large cities, and the drama of Matrimony, in which they had acted, was over. Both were artists in that intense sentiment of excitement which stirs the ripples of private life when theatricals and charades become the fashion. Augusta Bevan, tall, slender and proud, had resumed her velvet walking dress, and toyed with a tiny muff of pink satin which was suspended about her neck by means of a ribbon. Captain Hornblower, easy, graceful and elegant, bent over her in an attitude of devotion which he had assumed with the facility of a glove for the past fifteen years in the ballrooms of West Point, Saratoga and Newport.

'Your muff seems to be a sort of fairy casket,' pursued Captain Hornblower. 'Give me a keepsake from one of the pockets, I beg, in remembrance of the night.'

'What shall it be?' retorted Augusta Bevan, gayly.

She sought in the tiny pockets of perfumed and quilted satin, and drew forth a glittering object. This was a little gold owl, beautifully wrought, with ruby eyes and jeweled claws. When a spring was touched, a slender pencil-case slid out of the bird's head.

'Here is my gift,' she said gently and the gallant captain understood that her words meant capitulation.

Was he glad or sorry? He received the little gold owl with effusive gratitude, and kissed the hand which bestowed the gift; but it was in the nature of this military butterfly to doubt, at the moment, if he had acted with unwise precipitation, if he had not sold himself too cheaply in the matrimonial market, and if Augusta Bevan was as great an heiress as she was reputed to be.

'My children remember the Scotch proverb, 'Those who fish for minnows never catch trout," said Mr. Riddel behind them.

Mr. Riddel, who invariable enacted the part of benevolent old man, proffered his snuff box to Captain Hornblower with his quizzical smile.

'We are called out again!' exclaimed Mrs. Trentham.

There was a patter of applause, and the four emerged before the foot-lights, making their salutations in the most approved professional manner. On the stage stood Mrs. Trentham in a suberb toilet, Augusta Bevan, Captain Hornblower and Mr. Riddel. Beyond the circle of foot-lights was a fashionable audience, where blended satin, gold feathers and lace resembled a parterre of flowers, while the little theatre, built for Mrs. Trentham, made a charming background for smiling faces. Certainly the two actresses looked their best, for Captain Hornblower, deeply versed in such craft, had made up their stage complexion, with the aid of rouge and other cosmetics, moist purple worsted furnishing the requisite shadows beneath the eyes.

Said Mr. Riddel, as he conducted Miss Bevan home: 'You will not forget my proverb, Augusta?—'Those who fish for minnows never catch trout."

The girl glanced askance at him and frowned. Mr. Riddel, divested of gray wig and paternal bearing was a dignified gentleman of forty years, lawyer and manager of the great Bevan property.

'You have always warned me of fortune-hunters and worthless suitors since I left school,' she exclaimed petulantly. 'Is a woman never to believe in any one because she is rich?

Mr. Riddel remained silent, but the blood mounted to her brow.

Said Mrs. Trentham to Captain Hornblower, at a little supper table in a fashionable restaurant: 'Augusta Bevan really did very well tonight for a novice, except in the awkwardness of her attitudes. Allow me to look at the little gold owl she gave you behind the scenes. Ah! I saw it all. A manager must be everywhere, you know."

Very piquant looked Mrs. Trentham as she spoke, coquette of as many seasons as her companion had posed for beau, an arch sparkle in her eyes, more than a suspicion of malice in her smile; for to see any man admire another woman pierced her vanity, if not her heart, and she could not rest until she had lured him away from his allegiance or at least sown mischief in the path of possible lovers. Yet Mrs. Trentham was a most popular person and an acknowledged leader of society. Captain Hornblower resisted; but the enchantress was adroit, witty, flattering, and the supper was good, and in the end he yielded. The lady attached the little gold owl to her chain, and emerged in the streets at two in the morning. When she reached her own home the little gold owl was gone! She had lost it during the walk.

Next day Mrs. Trentham sailed up to Augusta Bevan, at a crowded kettle-drum, took both of her hands and exclaimed: 'Oh, my dear, I am so dreadfully sorry! I am always committing some folly. I do not deserve forgiveness. Captain Hornblower gave me—I mean lent me—your little gold owl last night and I actually lost it in the street.

The Sevres teacup fell from Augusta's fingers on the floor. Mr. Riddel and Captain Hornblower stooped for the fragments simultaneously, thus knocking their heads together.

'She is disillusioned,' thought Mr. Riddel.

'The game is lost,' reflected the gallant warrior, with unfeigned regret. 'Of course no woman ever forgave that.'

At 6 o'clock that morning a young Swiss maiden, by name Marie Hetzel, had gone on an errand to the market for her mistress. Marie was sixteen, with a round brown face framed in a crimped cap, and carried a basket on her arm. He foot struck against a small object; she stooped and found a little gold owl on the curb-stone.

'Himmel!' exclaimed Marie, and sped with the treasure to the lager beer garden where Fritz, he lover, was employed as a waiter.

Fritz happened to be polishing the long rows of little tables placed in bowers of evergreen. He was a prudent youth of nineteen, with blonde hair and hard blue eyes. He examined the trinket and put it in his pocket. The gold owl might be very pretty suspended about Marie's throat, even as Roman women rejoice in their hairpins and chains, or the Genoese in their filigree ear-rings; but money also could be made out of it—money to add to frugal savings wherewith to return to beloved Canton Berne as man and wife and buy a modest farm.

Marie shed a few tears of feminine vanity while yielding to logical argument and trudged home with her basket. Fritz sought a little den of a shop in an obscure quarter and sold the gold owl to a jew after much haggling for five dollars, which sum he consigned to a saving bank. Now indeed was the owl lost, hopelessly lost, for it had disappeared in the black shop of a wretched quarter, instead of reposing in the pocket of Miss Bevan's pink satin muff. It happened that the owl had never met with greater appreciation, however. The ruby eyes glowed like flames, while the golden plumage became luminous as the ornament passed from one dusky hand to another.

Finally the Jew took the trinket to a fashionable jeweller, celebrated for skillful workmanship in metals, and sold it for a considerable sum. Mr. Liddell, walking down town one morning, paused suddenly before the jeweller's window. He saw a little gold owl suspended by a hook, and radiant in the sunshine. He fancied the bird of wisdom actually winked at him in recognition. He entered the place and bought it promptly.

Augusta Bevan, pale, thoughtful, and with a new tenderness in her bearing, received back the little gold owl. 'I have been thinking of so many things of late,' she said, softly, placing her hand within the arm of this faithful friend. 'I even remember your proverb, 'Those who fish for minnows will never catch trout'.'

Mrs. Trentham tapped Captain Hornblower on the arm with her fan at a reception, where the lady was resplendent in a Worth toilet of black satin and gold. 'Mr. Riddell and Augusta Bevan are engaged,' she said. 'I always knew it would be a match yet. Their property joins, you know, and water does flow to water in that way in our wicked world. Besides he is really the only man worthy of Augusta.'

Captain Hornblower went his way, having been ordered to a fort in Montana Territory. His amiability was not increased by the discovery that his hair was growing gray, and that he experienced a twinge of rheumatism in his right knee.

Humorous.

The cook is the only man one will take sauce from.

Why is a joke that is acidilous not good? Because the cream of the joke never should be sour.

One swallow does not make a summer, but a little repetition has frequently been known to make a bummer.

Michigan has a man with three arms. He is the only man alive who can take two girls sleighing and enjoy it.

A Western paper reports the birth of a male child with wings. Probably nature intended him for a bank cashier.

The spring poet has tied his throat up in red flannel, simply remarking, "This is the verse weather I ever knowed."

Men who are their own enemies would find it a great deal more profitable to be enemies to somebody else and friends to themselves.

Proverbial Philosophy.—One hair in the hash will cause more hard feeling than seven illuminated mottoes on the wall can overcome.

What is the difference between a civilized dinner and a person who subsists at the North Pole? One has his bill of fare and the other his fill of bear.

The Brooklyn *Eagle* gives the following of a Boston Lad's definition of his stomach: "Something that goes across the teacher's knee when I get licked."

"Your name is Dickie, isn't it? It's a pretty name, and I've called my poodle after you." Dickie doesn't know whether to bow his thanks or to go out and take a look at the hat-rack.

A Kentuckian stole four swarms of bees, carried them eleven miles in the night, set up new hives and handled the whole business without a sting. The wicked do not always get one under the rea.

"Mamma," said a five-year old the other day, "I wish you wouldn't leave me to take care of baby again. He was so bad I had to eat all the sponge cake and two jars of raspberry jam to amuse him."

The Power of Humbug.

An individual who opened a small tavern near the field of Waterloo was frequently questioned as to whether he did or did not possess some relics of the battle, and he invariably and honestly answered in the negative. But he was very poor, and one day, while lamenting to his neighbor not only his poverty, but the annoyance to which travelers subjected him, his friend cut him short with:

"Well, make one help the other. Make some relics."

"But what can I do?" inquired the man.

"Tell them that Napoleon or Wellington entered your shop during the battle, and sat down in that chair."

Not long after, an English tourist entered the tavern, and, inquiring for relics, was sold the chair story. The chair was bought at an incredible price. The next comer was informed that Wellington had taken a drink, and the Wellington tumbler was accordingly sold. The third arrival gazed with breathless wonder at the nail on which Bonaparte had hung his hat; the fourth purchased the door-posts between which he had entered, and the fifth became the happy purchaser of the floor on which he had trodden. At the last advices the fortunate tavern keeper had not a roof to cover his head, and was sitting on a bag of gold in the corner of a deep pit formed by selling the earth on which the house had stood.

Local Small Talk.

—Chicago newspaper men call death from intoxication, "whiskey-side."

—Some of our exchanges claim that the wheat crop was badly damaged by the heavy rains.

—Efforts are being made to secure the services of Moody and Sankey at the Newton Hamilton camp-meeting this year.

—The Williamsport *Sun* and *Banner* have been consolidated, and now appear under the head of *Weekly Sun & Banner*.

—The box factory is crowded with work, and is compelled to run double time in order to keep up. This has a very healthly look, indeed.

—The railroad leading to Valentines' iron works is being repaired and greatly improved by the addition of a number of new oak ties.

—Capt. W. C. Kress, of Lock Haven, who has been spending several months at Hot Springs, Ark., has returned to his home greatly improved in health.

—The family of Chief of Police Rowell, of Altoona, is afflicted with small-pox. Precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

—Work on the new Reformed church is progressing rapidly, and those engaged on the structure expect to have it completed in a few months' time.

—The McVeytown *Journal* man says the reason why the "racquet" dance has gone out of fashion is because there was too great a display of fifteen-cent hosiery.

—The lumbermen along the Susquehanna are making every effort to secure the logs lost by the breaking of the booms during the recent freshet, and seem to be meeting with success.

—Mrs. Lillie Sullivan, formerly of this place, wife of James Sullivan, Esq., of the New York *Times*, is visiting at the residence of her uncle, James McManus, Esq., on Allegheny street.

—The bill prohibiting the sale to any person under sixteen years of age, of deadly weapons, gunpowder and explosive substances, has been approved by Governor Hoyt. A wise measure and should be strictly enforced.

—If you have any painting to be done, and are in a hurry about it, you may as well borrow a pot and brush and do the dobbing yourself. Painters in town are groaning under the weight of business and frequently fail to make connections.

—The Huntingdon Presbytery, of which Centre county is a part, met at Newton Hamilton on Tuesday last for the purpose of hearing applications for licensure. The meeting was largely attended, and considerable interest manifested by the members.

—If you want to kill potato bugs touch them with a mixture of coal oil and tar or coal oil and lime.—*Huntingdon Globe*. Another good way is to beat their brains out with a club and cremate the remains in a furnace. Once in a while one will recover, but not often.

—Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage of Brooklyn, who has been visiting among the stately hills of Cresson Springs, breathing the pure, fresh air of heaven and drinking the healing waters of that resort, returned to look after his wandering flock on Tuesday last.

—The stray log committee, of Williamsport, has received information to the effect that there are about ten million feet of loose logs between that place and Northumberland. Several hundred logs have been caught at Havre de Grace and about 10,000 have gone out into the bay. So says the *Bulletin*.

—John Anderson thinks a tub-race would be a first-class Fourth of July attraction. So it would, and if John will agree to enter a tub and compete for the prize we believe it would be sufficient inducement for some one to take hold of the matter. What say you, John?

—The Undine Hose Co., so it is reported, is making arrangements to picnic in the grove near Valentines' Forge, on the Fourth. This intelligence will no doubt make glad the hearts of those who are fond of guzzling lemonade beneath the forest trees and polishing their heels on a sand floor.

—George Walker, the borough's high constable, performs the duties of his position in no half-way manner. If a cow appears on the street after seven o'clock George is not long in getting wind of it, and the roaming bovine is promptly gathered in. Of course the owners squirm and growl, but a long-afflicted community rises up and exclaims in thunder tones. Let 'em growl!

—A valuable mule belonging to Valentines & Co. had one of its hoofs caught between the main and guard rails of the railroad leading to their works, the other day, and being unable to extricate it, the rails had to be torn up before his muleship was allowed the freedom of his foot. The hoof was very severely injured by the operation, and it will be some time before the animal will be of much use to its owners.

—The Huntingdon *News* says: "Bellefonte is the abiding place of a somewhat wonderful man, Mr. Charles Peterson, aged 85, who was drummer boy under Napoleon I, and was with the army on its famous retreat from Moscow." Yes, the aged gentleman alluded to is a wonderful man, and has a wonderful history, as the *News* man would discover should he attempt to interview him.

—Rev. J. D. Delong met with an accident on Saturday, June 11, which might have terminated his earthly existence, but which, fortunately, did him little harm. The crank attached to a windlass used in hoisting heavy stone to the top of the building flew off whilst going around at a rapid rate—caused by the unexpected giving away of some part of the machinery while hoisting a heavy stone—striking Mr. Delong's high hat, mashing it to pieces. Had the crank struck his body, it would have inflicted painful if not fatal injury.

—The speech of George Washington in reply to the Seneca chief, Cornplanter, concerning which an extended notice recently appeared in these columns, can be seen at the law office of the Dale brothers, where Mr. Crittenden has placed it on exhibition for a few days. Mr. C. informs us that he has concluded to present the document to the Pennsylvania Historical Society. No doubt the society will return the favor by making a fitting contribution to Mr. Crittenden in the fortherance of his mission work.

—The citizens of Linn street, especially those residing in the vicinity of Allegheny, are complaining about the action of the borough in the construction of a sewer to carry off the drainage and stagnant water which collects in that part of town. The difficulty experienced lies in the fact that the sewer is so much higher than the gutters in that neighborhood that water lies dead in them, and the citizens are alarmed for fear of its breading malaria and disease. We suggest that the borough rectify this error before any serious results occur, for if they do not they may have serious cause for regret in the future.

—While intoxicated, Fredrick Groonger, an aged resident of Altoona, insulted a colored fellow named James McGraw, a coachman of the same place, who resented it by striking Groonger on the head with a stone weighing two pounds, crushing his scull. McGow was arrested, and the injured man was carried to his home where he still lies unconscious and not expected to live. He has a wife and five children, who are said to be almost frantic with grief. After the colored man had been arrested a large crowd collected in the vicinity of the Mayor's office where he was confined, and for a time it was feared he would be lynched. The authorities, however, succeeded in getting him safely to Hollidaysburg jail, where he awaits the result of Groonger's injuries.

—The injured man has since died of his injuries.

Spelling and Definition.

The Franklin county superintendent of public schools, says the Westchester *Record*, in overhauling the teachers of that county as to their educational acquirements, found that some of the young ladies who were applicants for positions were decidedly unfit for their work. The teachers were requested to write the following words, with their definitions: Vacillation, hieroglyphics, antediluvian, aphorism, bivouac, cordicil, hallucination, inveigle, periphery. One of the young ladies spelled and defined them as follows: "Vassilation, the act of being vaseil; hyerogliphics, (correct definition); antediluvian, the act of loosening down before, as is were; aphorism, a rising forehead; bivouac, (was unable to define); codissel, relating to a code, or law, or rule; hollusenation, a strange ossening or separation, as it were; inveigle, something strange; periphery, unnatural." Several others who were examined spelled and defided some of the words as follows: "Superanuated, the state of being over exerted; codicile, (couldn't define); periffery, (couldn't define); hallusination, act of rejoicing or blessing; bivouac, American bush-fighting." One of the young ladies, who received 7½ per cent., defined hallucination as "the condition of being made clear."

—R. W. Jackson, of Mercer county, is the man to be politically slaughtered next November. He was nominated by the Greenbackers for State Treasurer on Wednesday last, at Pottsville. Poor Jackson!

Philipsburg's Water Works.

Wm. P. Duncan & Co., machinists, of this place, recently received an order from the Philipsburg Water Company, recently organized, and of which J. N. Cassanova, Esq., is president, for all the machinery, etc., required by that corporation in supplying their patrons with water. The order is a very large one, and it is expected will require several months' time to fill. The Philipsburg Water Company is a new concern, and is composed of the most substantial and responsible business men of that enterprising borough, and of its success we think there can be no question. It will be remembered a committee from Philipsburg visited this place several weeks since with a view to examine and look into the *modus operandi* of our water system. We understand that the committe was very much pleased with our system, and that it is their intention to pattern after us as nearly as possible in the construction of their water works. We believe, however, it is the intention of its management to construct no reservoir at present, but the private reservoir owned by Mr. Cassanova will be brought into requisition and used for that purpose until a larger one is found necessary in order to meet demands.

Race Distinction in Public Schools.

The Governor has signed the bill to abolish all distinction of race or color in the schools of the commonwealth. The first section provides that hereafter it shall be unlawful for any school director, superintendent or teacher to make any distinction whatever on account of or by reason of the race or color of any pupil or scholar who may be in attendance upon or seeking admission to any public or common school maintained wholly or in part under the school laws of the commonwealth. The second section repeals the twenty-fourth section of the act of May 8, 1854, authorizing and requiring directors to "establish separate schools for the tuition of negro and mulatto children, when such separate schools can be located as to accommodate twenty or more pupils, and when so established and kept open four months in any year, the directors shall not be compelled to admit such pupils into any other school in the district."

Wm. P. Duncan & Co.

The firm of Wm. P. Duncan & Co. seems to be overrun with work just now. Besides having on hand a large contract to be filled as soon as possible for the Philipsburg Water Company, they are busily engaged in constructing two large hoisting engines for Valentines & Co. to be used at their mine banks, a circular saw mill for Hoover, Hughes & Co., Philipsburg, two large water wheels for Philipsburg parties, and a number of large iron rolls, weighing five thousand pounds each, for a Baltimore party. They have orders enough on hand at present to run them until the first of next year, and what is still more encouraging, are constantly receiving more. This enterprising firm is one of the most substantial of the kind in the county, and we might add, plays second to none in the State. They are a gentlemanly, courteous set of business men, respected by their employes, and enjoy the confidence of the general public, and their success is only a matter of course.

Fourth of July, 1881.

Post No. 90, G. A. R., of Philipsburg, intend celebrating the coming anniversary of American Independence by holding a picnic and festival on that day and evening. A grand parade of visiting posts will be given in the morning. A large platform will be erected on the ground for dancing, at which the best of music will be furnished. Refreshments of all kinds will be served on the grounds as well as at Potter's Hall, which will be open during the day and evening. Several valuable articles will be voted away at the festival. Proceeds of both picnic and festival will be appropriated to paying off the indebtedness of the Post. All are cordially invited to come and enjoy themselves and assist in making this a gala day in Philipsburg.

JOHN GOWLAND,
Chairman Com.

Selling Deadly Weapons to Minors.

Governor Hoyt has approved the bill to prevent the sale of deadly weapons to minors. It provides that any person who shall knowingly and wilfully sell, or cause to be sold, to any person under sixteen years of age any cannon, revolver, pistol so made, constructed or arranged as to be capable of being loaded with gunpowder or other explosive substance, cartridges, shot, slugs or balls and being exploded, fired off and discharged and thereby become a dangerous or deadly weapon, or who shall knowingly or wilfully sell, or caused to be sold, to any such minor any cartridge, gunpowder or other dangerous and explosive substance shall in every case be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding $300.

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law.
Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. MORRISON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.
Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

H. K. HOY, M. D.
Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A.M	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 25
Flemington	5 29	4 30
Mill Hall	5 34	4 33
Beech Creek	5 50	4 45
Eagleville	5 55	4 50
Howard	6 09	5 01
Mount Eagle	6 18	5 10
Curtin	6 25	5 15
Milesburg	6 36	5 25
Bellefonte	6 45	5 35
Milesburg	6 56	5 45
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 48
Unionville	7 03	5 57
Julian	7 18	6 08
Martha	7 27	6 17
Port Matilda	7 35	6 25
Hannah	7 42	6 33
Fowler	7 48	6 36
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 47
Vail	7 59	6 51
Arriv at Tyrone	8 10	7 02
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 32	8 48
East Tyrone	7 39	8 55
Vail	7 42	8 58
Bald Eagle	7 47	9 02
Hannah	7 55	9 13
Port Matilda	8 00	9 19
Martha	8 07	9 25
Julian	8 15	9 32
Unionville	8 23	9 39
Snow Shoe Int	8 32	9 45
Milesburg	8 34	9 48
Bellefonte	10 05	8 47
Milesburg	8 54	10 08
Curtin	9 06	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 12	10 25
Howard	9 20	10 37
Eagleville	9 38	10 49
Beech Creek	9 40	10 54
Mill Ha	9 54	11 16
Flemington	9 57	11 29
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 01	11 25

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 7, 1880:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		12 15 p m
" arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 20 p m
" " Renovo		5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		12 20 a m
" " Harrisburg		4 00 p m
" " Williamsport		7 55 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		9 10 p m
EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		7 05 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 37 a m
" " Williamsport		8 20 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		12 05 p m
" " Philadelphia		3 45 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 25 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 35 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		9 00 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 10 p m
" " Williamsport		11 30 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 15 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 15 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.
Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains. Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains
WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after March 28, 1880.
Leaves Snow Shoe 5.36 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 7.24 a. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 9.12 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.25 a. m.
Leaves Snow Shoe 2.30 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.30 p. m.
Leaves Bellefonte 5.45 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.25 p. m.
S. S. BLAIR, *General Sup't.*

Miscellaneous.

If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gaslight in the evening at a distance of 10 inches, your eyes are failing, no matter what your age, and your eyes need help. Your sight can be improved and preserved if properly corrected. It is a wrong idea that spectacles should be dispensed with as long as possible. If they assist the vision use them. There is no danger of seeing too well, so long as the print is not magnified; it should look natural size but plain.

It is known to all who have been compelled to resort to the use of Spectacles (notwithstanding they may be perfectly fitted to correct the optical defects), that for some cause, not until recently well defined, their use was attended with fatiguing, smarting, and otherwise disagreeable sensations. This is a universal fact of experience, and has been supposed to be entirely beyond remedy. This disagreeable sensation and disturbance of the eye is produced chiefly, perhaps we ought to say entirely, from the fact that ordinary lenses increase the sensation of heat (to which the eye, more than any other organ or part of the body, is sensitive), as also the actinic or chemical properties of the rays of light.

It is well known that these peculiarities of light are identified with certain colors of each ray; and the point of importance, or without using technicalities, is to construct lenses so that these properties of light shall be neutralized; this can be done by introducing a neutralizing tint into their manufacture, the difficulty of which, however, consists in the selection of a color which shall have this effect, and, at the same time, shall not otherwise impair the lenses for purposes of vision. The

Arundel Tinted Lens

Is designed to effect this purpose. The peculiarity of its manufacture consists in the introduction into the glass of a slight Violet Color, *in such manner that the* high *and* low *numbers of the lens prepared from this glass, although* varying in thickness, *are of the same delicate tint and of sufficient power to neutralize the heating and actinic power of the rays of light. Read the following:*

[From R. S. Mershon, Esq., Zanesville, Ohio.]

"I have put the Arundels through the following tests:—I placed an eight-inch Arundel, and an eight-inch white lens side by side, sharply focused in the strong sunlight, with their foci directed on the bulbs of two thermometers, and the difference was four (4°) degrees in temperture in favor of the ARUNDEL. Again, I placed the same lenses side by side on a piece of sensitised photographic paper, and the white glass discolored the surface quicker than the ARUNDEL. These two tests prove these two points, viz: that the ARUNDEL intercepts the solar heat-rays and the chemical rays also."

And the following from a Centre county man whose letter can be seen at my store:

* * * *"I am very much pleased with the glasses. They have been more beneficial to my eyes than all the medicine I ever put in them."*

If you experience any unpleasantness in reading or can't see distinctly, come in and have your eyes tested. I think I have something good for you.

FRANK P. BLAIR,
Brockerhoff House Block.

Shaving Saloons.

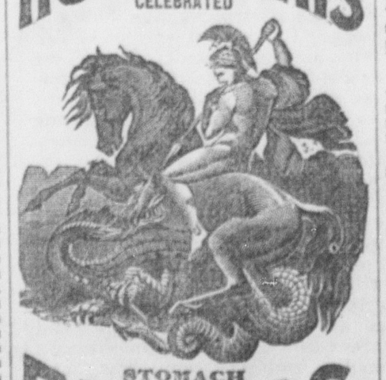
WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building High street Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-11tf

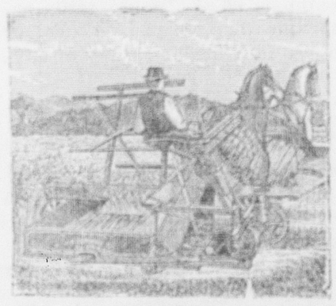
Hotels

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch)
PHILAD'A
Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; one square from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1y JOEL HUTTON Proprietor

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street.
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. 25-1y

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS
The Traveler who Wisely Provides
Against the contingency of illness by taking with him Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has occasion to congratulate himself on his foresight, when he sees others who have neglected to do so suffering from some one of the maladies for which it is a remedy and preventive. Among these are fever and ague, biliousness, constipation and rheumatism, diseases often attendant upon a change of climate or unwonted diet.
For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. 23-4t

WANTED.
Canvassers in every county in this State to take orders for Nursery stock. Steady and desirable employment at Good Wages. Experience in the business not required. Nurseries widely and favorably known. For terms address C. L. VAN DUSEN, Geneva, N. Y. Also Stock at Wholesale. Van Dusen Nurseries, established 1839. 17-3m

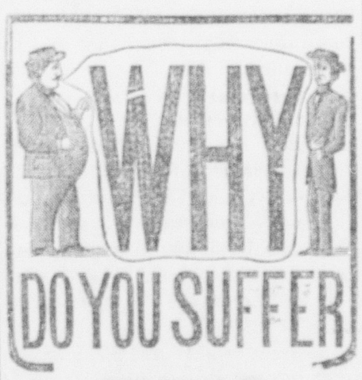
Farmers' Supply Store.
The Largest and most Successful Agricultural Implement Warehouse in Central Pennsylvania.

The OSBORNE
MOWERS AND REAPERS have been in use in Centre county longer than any other make. They run light, do the very best work and live longer than any other harvesting machines in use, and are sold at the lowest prices:
No. 1, wheel geared Mower, front cut.
No. 5, box geared light Mower, rear cut.
No. 7, box geared light Mower, front cut.
No. 3, single Reaper
No. 6 is the celebrated Wheeler Combined Machine, with the rolling heal-rake, the favorite of the field—mows, reaps, rakes off or works with a drop. A boy 14 years old can operate it,.....
With platform and rake,.....
With drop,.....
No. 9, self-binding Harvester, 6 foot cut.
No. 9, " " 7 foot cut.
No. 9, " " 8 foot cut.
We make a discount for cash or sell on liberal time to responsible parties. It pays the farmer to deal with us.
The HUBBARD
GLEANER AND BINDER, one of the improvements of the age. It gleans and binds grain with wire. A boy can operate it. With a Wheeler side delivery Reaper and this Binder two boys can do the harvesting of a large sized farm. Farmers are requested to call and see it. You save money by coming to our store to buy.
THE McSHERRY GRAIN DRILL, with wooden pin, gum spring and fertilizer attachment. We only ask a fair trial to convince any farmer that the McSherry is the best in the market.
THE GEISER GRAIN THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS recommend themselves.
HAY RAKES, hand and self-dumping.
THE HEEBNER Level Tread Horse Powers and Separators, for one or two horses.
CONKLIN WAGONS.
We keep a full supply of farm, lumber and road wagons on hand, at the lowest prices. We buy by the carload.
CORTLAND Buggies, Carriages, Phætons and Platform Spring Wagons—guaranteed
CINCINNATI Buggies, Carriages and Phætons, at very low prices.
OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS—The leading plow of the age. The only plow made that has a centre draft. No. 40 costs $14, complete. Shares 50 cents. It is so good that all makers try to imitate it.
Several makes of low-priced plows, cultivators, harrows, walking and riding two-horse cultivators, road plows, shovel plows, &c.
SEWING MACHINES.
THE AMERICAN IMPROVED is one of the best made. We sell at low prices.
We can sell other makes of Sewing Machines for $22 to $23—the same style and name that are now being peddled and sold throughout the county at from $40 to $50. We will guarantee the machines we sell to be better made, more highly finished and more durable than the peddled machines. A fair trial will convince our customers that we mean what we say.
Store opposite Bush House, Bellefonte, Pa.
ALEXANDER & CO.
19-3m

$2 Watches, Stem Winders $3.50, White Metal Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $6. Solid gold $12. Cheapest and best for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 152 Nassau St. N.Y.

Medical.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.
This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.
It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.
In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.
It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.
For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this paper.*
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.
SOLD BY F. POTTS GREEN,
12-41-1y Bellefonte.


WHY
DO YOU SUFFER
With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so pleasant, so certain, and so safe, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called
GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of
TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT
It contains all the virtues of Tar in a concentrated form, combined with the best Expectorants and Anodynes, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
Try one bottle and be convinced. Price 50 cents per bottle. Manufactured only by
F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

PE-RU-NA
HOUSEHOLD WORDS.
"For sick stomach, bad taste, sinking spells, and palpitation, rely wholly on PERUNA."
"For want of appetite, dyspepsia, indigestion, and liver complaint, take PERUNA; it never fails."
"Those in literary, professional or commercial pursuits constantly need PERUNA. For constipation, MANALIN."
"For sick headache, pain in the head, dizziness, and low spirits, take PERUNA."
Read and study our book on the ills of life, follow its teachings, and you will be happy.
"$1000 will be paid for any case PERUNA will not cure or greatly improve."
Ladies, if you wish strength, health and beauty, sweet breath, cherry lips and rosy cheeks,
"Go to your nearest druggist for a bottle of PERUNA. Take it before each meal."
"For nervous debility, catarrh of the bladder, or disease of the kidneys, take PERUNA, and be cured."
MAN-A-LIN
12-13-1y

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y

BY UNIVERSAL ACCORD
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nation, prove them the best and most effective purgative Pills that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pill can be compared with them, and every person knowing their virtues will use them when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.
For sale by all dealers. 12-43-1y 4

Miscellaneous.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.
For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.
KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE
Is the only positive cure known, and to show what this remedy will do, we give here as a sample of cases cured by it a statement which was
GIVEN UNDER OATH!
To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure. R. A. GAINES.
Enosburg Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.
JOHN G. JENNE, Justice of the Peace.
KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.
ON HUMAN FLESH it has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any deep-seated pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for CORNS, BUNIONS, FROST-BITES or any bruise, cut or lameness. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.
KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE
Read below of its wonderful effects as a liniment for the human family:
HEMATITE, Mo., Aug. 28, 1880.
B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS: I am so overjoyed in view of the result of an application of your Kendall's Spavin Cure that I feel that I ought for humanity's sake publish it to the world. About thirty-five years ago, while riding a young ugly horse, I was injured in one of my testicles, and from that time to three weeks ago a slow but constant enlargement has been the result, giving me a great amount of trouble, almost entirely preventing me from horseback riding, which was my usual way of traveling. I saw a notice of your Kendall's Spavin Cure; never once thought of it for anything except for horses, but after receiving the medicine and reading over what it was good for, feeling terribly exercised about my difficulty, for I had consulted many physicians and none gave me any specific but when it could be endured no longer to remove it with the knife. I applied your Kendall's Spavin Cure as an experiment, and it was so painful in its application that I concluded not to repeat it, and thought no more about it until near a week, and lo and behold one-half of the size was gone. With joy I could hardly believe it. I immediately applied it again, and have made in all about one-half dozen applications, running over a space of two weeks, and the terrible enlargement is almost entirely gone, in view of which I cannot express my feelings of delight. It has been a Godsend to me; may He send to others with like troubles.
JOHN RICE, Pastor of Hematite Congregational Church.
P. S.—You are at liberty to put this in any shape you may please. I am not ashamed to have my name under, over or by the side of it.
KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE!
Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.
12-31 DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Job Printing.
ALL KINDS OF
JOB PRINTING
EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER AT THE
Bellefonte Republican Office.
An Assortment of Beautiful New Type Just Received.
Job Printing.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO
PURE

AND
SILVER GLOSS
STARCH
For the Laundry, is the best and most economical in the world. Is perfectly pure, free from Acids and other foreign substances that injure Linen. stronger than any other, requiring much less quality in using. Is uniform, stiffens and finishes always the same. Kingsford's Pulverized Corn Starch for Puddings, Blanc-Mange, Cake, &c., is pure delicate. Preferable to Bermuda Arrowroot. When you ask for Kingsford's Oswego Starch, see that you get it, as inferior kinds are often substituted
Sold by all first-class Grocers everywhere.
T. KINGSFORD & SON, Oswego, N. Y.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.
If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languishing, rely on Hop Bitters.
Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.
Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.
If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
If you are a man of letter toiling over midnight work, to restore brain nerve and waste, use Hop Bitters.
Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.
D. T. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.
Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.
HOP BITTERS MFG CO. Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.
HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL
12-43

THE REPUBLICAN IS ALWAYS FULL OF NEWS and other information of interest and value to the people of Centre and neighboring counties.

ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST.
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

$100 A MONTH We offer payment to an intelligent man or woman in every town. We also want AGENTS for our unique, superior and highly commended, immensely popular and fast-selling NEW BOOK Nothing like it. Agents make money fast. Decrease sales sure. Wanted in every family. Send for circular and terms. Also for THE PEOPLES MAGAZINE and GRAND PREMIUMS. Only $1.00 a year. Sample free for stamp, or 3 months for 10 cents. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 1900 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., or Chicago, Ill. 18-

KANSAS LANDS AND WESTERN EMIGRATION. For terms, low rates of fare and tickets, apply to WM SHORTLIDGE, District Agent Kansas Division Union Pacific Railway. [12-40-1y] BELLEFONTE, PA.

ALL THE NEWS OF THE DAY IS GIVEN in the REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Making a Senator.

ALBANY, June 16.—The joint convention of the Legislature balloted for successor to Senator Conkling, with the usual result, no choice:

Jacobs,	51	Conkling,	32
Rogers,	1	Cornell,	11
Wheeler,	38	Lapham,	12
Folger,	3	Tremaine,	3
Bradley,	1	Crowley,	4

Mr. Wheeler took nearly all of Rogers' votes. The Convention then proceeded to vote to fill the long term vacancy with the following result:

Platt,	27	Depew,	54
Cornell,	12	Kernan,	52
Folger,	2	Crowley,	5
Lapham,	1	Tracy,	1
Wheeler,	1		

Mr. Brooks asked consent to offer a resolution that in the event of no election for United States Senators by Monday June 20th, this joint convention will adjourn *sine die* on that day, after one or more ballots have been taken, and with the understanding on the part of the convention that the two houses of the Legislature will adjourn at three 3 P. M. June 20th. Mr. Hursted raised the point of order that it was not in the power of the joint convention to adjourn. The Lieutenant Governor decided the point of order well taken. The joint convention must meet daily until the Legislature adjourns. Adjourned till to-morrow at noon.

A Boost for Depew.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The so-called Anti-Machine Republican Committee to-night adopted resolutions declaring that as Chauncy M. Depew had received the votes of more than a majority of the Republican members of the Legislature for United States Senator, that it was the duty of all Republican members of the Legislature who desired that the State should be represented in the United States Senate by two Republican Senators to concentrate their votes without further delay on Depew and thus throw the responsibility for defeating the election for Republican Senators upon the adherents of the Senators who had created the vacancies by resigning their offices, and that those members of the Legislature who, while refusing to vote for the re-election of Senators Conkling and Platt, scattered their votes among impossible candidates, would be held equally responsible for the injury that might result to the party by the non-election of Republican Senators.

A Blast from Gowen.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—Franklin B. Gowen, Receiver of the Philadelphia and Reading Railaoad, in n address to-night charged that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company had sacrificed the interests of the city and State and its stockholders for ulterior purposes. From his grounds of complaint Gowen deduced there exists a number of evils which he denominated the railroad problem of the day, and which he described as being chiefly interference with legislative and judicial authority, acquisition of wealth by railroad officials at the expense of stockholders, and unjust discriminations in the matter of traffic charges, and in this connection he asserted the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for years owned the Legislature of this State and bought its members like sheep in the shambles, and coming down to a late day he intimated his belief that the same corporation was at the bottom of the recent four to three decision by the Supreme Court in his case.

Wandering Nihilists.

WILKESBARRE, PA., June 17.—Three Russians made their appearance in this county (Luzerne) yesterday, and entering a saloon kept by Russian named Majeski, in Hazleton, said they wanted to show him how the Czar was blown up. In order to illustrate this they produced three glass balls filled with dynamite. One of these they threw at a wheelbarrow, when the ball exploded and the wheelbarrow was blown to pieces. The men were arrested for malicious mischief and fined by a justice of the peace. Their presence in the coal regions is exciting a good deal of comment, and many are wondering whether their mission is a peaceful one or not.

A Quick Change of Husbands.

STEUBENVILLE, June 17.—In Common Pleas Court this morning Mrs Sidalia M. Swickard, of Irondale, this county, procured a decree of divorce from her husband. As soon as the decree was rendered Mr. A. C. Stevens, of Pittsburgh, left the court room and procured a marriage license for himself and Mrs. Swickard. The wedding took place about five minutes afterward in the Judge's private room, the ceremony being preformed by Rev. Thrapp, of this city, and the Judge, lawyers, county officers, newspaper fiends and a brother of of the bride being witnesses. The bride is a very handsome and excellent lady.

The Panama Canal.

PANAMA, June 17.—Canal matters do not progress favorably. Stations have been abandoned, brigades disbanded, many engineers returned home, and the workmen discharged. In the meantime accounts from Paris represent everything as booming, and that adds to the disgust of the people here. The *Star and Herald* says: We would like to see a little more accomplished on the Isthmus and less blowing in Paris about this business."

A Big Pile of People.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—During May there arrived in the United States 117,482 immigrants, and during the eleven months of the fiscal year, 564,274. Of this latter number there were from Germany 175,306. Dominion of Canada 110,611, England and Wales 57,871, Ireland 61,796, Scotland 12,628, China 7,443, all other countries 138,619.

Lightning Strikes an Oil Tank.

BRADFORD, June 17.—During a violent thunder storm at midnight, lightning is reported to have struck a 25,000 barrel iron tank full of oil at State Line. The oil is said to be now burning. The storm is still in progress and men have been sent out to ascertain the truth of the report.

Another Scare for the Czar.

BERLIN, June 16.—The news from St. Petersburg states that the officers and crew of the guardship lying off Peterhof, where the Russian Imperial family will soon take up its residence, have been changed in consequence of the discovery of a number of revolutionary proclamations on board. There have been many arrests in connection with the affair.

Convicts Leaping from a Train.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., June 19.—The up express, which left here at 3:30 P. M., had on board thirty-three convincts from St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, going to Kingston Penitentiary. When near Cordival, after working their handcuffs off, three of the convicts jumped out of the windows of the car and escaped, and a few minutes later two more did the same thing, jumping from the train while it was going at full speed on a down grade this side of Prescott. Three policemen have gone from here to Kingston to assist the guards, as the prisoners are in a mutinous state and are not properly secured.

Arrested for Lynching a Horse-Thief.

WEATHERFORD, Texas, June 19.—William and Frank Kerly, sons of a prominent farmer here, have been arrested, charged with a murder committed two months ago. A supposed horse-thief was found dangling from a limb of a tree in Jack county, and it is said there is evidence to prove that the hanging was down by the Kerlys and five others, who will be arrested.

A Woman Convicted of Manslaughter.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 19.—Mrs. Catherine Healey, the saloon-keeper, who struck a drunken man named James F. Farrell a blow on the head with a bottle for refusing to leave her place on the 16th of March last, was to day found guilty of manslaughter in the Supreme Court and sentended to jail for two years.

Death of an Old Scout.

NEW HAVEN, June 19.—William E. Goodyear died in East Haven this morning, 50 years of age. He rode on horse-back from the Atlantic to the Pacific in 1852. He was connected with the Government survey between California and Mexico. During the war he was a distinguished scout under General Terry.

Orwell, the wife Murderer, Sentenced.

BUFFALO, June 19.—Greenfield T. Orwell, the wife murderer, who was brought here from Syracuse last night, was this morning sentenced to be hung on August 5th next. He received his sentence calmly, but broke down after declaring his innocense before God. He was taken back to Syracuse to-day.

Preparing for the Flood.

OTTOWA, Ont., June 17.—A man named Martel commenced building a miniature ark on Dalhouse street this morning, in anticipation of a flood on the 19th of June. His wife has spent the entire week in cooking and preparing provisions for the trip.

A Frightful Collision.

LANCASTER, June 20.—About 7.30 Saturday morning Samual Young, miller at Baumgartner's mill, this county, attempted to drive between the two parts of a separated freight train at the North Queen-street crossing of the Pennsylvania railroad in this city. He was accompanied by Mrs. Jane Alexander, a widow, and a daughter of Adam Deiter of Willow Street. One part of the train (backing in for the purpose of coupling with the other part) struck a rear wheel of the vehicle, throwing all the occupants out. Young, the driver, held on to the lines and the horse dragged him about fifty feet, inflicting no more serious injuries than bruises on his body and cuts on his hands. The young lady was not hurt, but Mrs. Alexander had several ribs broken and was otherwise injured. Being advanced in years her condition is considered precarious. Those who saw the accident expected all the occupants of the vehicle to be killed.

Return of a Great Comet.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 20.—Intelligence has been received by Professor Stone, of the Cincinnati Observatory, that Dr. Gould of the National Observatory, of the Argentine Republic, has just discovered a large comet. He believe its to be the return of the great comet of 1807.

The great comet of 1807 excited much interest among scientists and not a little alarm among the superstitious. There is no satisfactory record as to its discovery; but both Bissel and Herschel observed its orbit and made various calculations. The diameter of its nucleus as measured by Herschel was found to be 538 miles. It was taken to be periodic, and Bissel, the eminent German astronomer, calculated its return in 1,548 years.

Leadville's Latest Tragedy.

LEADVILLE, Col., June 20.—The *Chronicle* says: "Last evening ex-Aldermam John McComb shot, and probably fatally wounded, James McDonald, a well-known variety actor. McComb's buggy was hitched before the house, when McDonald requested, and he claims, received permission to take some children riding. He put several children in the buggy and drove around the block. On his return McComb was in a rage, and, regardless of the children, fired twice, one ball striking McDonal in the head. McComb has been active in politics, having been a prominent candidate for Lieutenant Governor and Mayor, and last spring was before the people as nominee for City Treasurer."

A Pennsylvania Veto.

HARRISBURG, June 20.—Governor Hoyt vetoed the Judicial Apportionment bill passed at the recent session of the Pennsylvania Legislature. This bill proposed to increase the number of Judges by nine, and would have added $40,000 to the $460,000 required annually to pay the judges of the several courts of the State. The veto is based mainly on the fact that the bill sought to establish several judicial districts in three counties having less than 40,000 inhabitants according to the last decennial census—a plain violation of the State constitution.

Sentenced for Life.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., June 20.—A verdict of murder in the second degree was rendered at nine o'clock yesterday morning in the Gerhardt murder trial, and Gerhardt was sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor in the Clinton county Prison at Dannemora. The verdict gives general dissatisfaction, the popular feeling being very bitter against Gerhardt.

More Professional Rowing.

SARATOGA, N. Y. June 20.—James H. Riley has returned from his race near Boston and has received a letter asking him if he will compete in a professional race between the middle of July and the middle of August for a prize of $3,000, in four moneys. Riley will accept, and the race will probably be arranged with Trickett to take place on Saratoga Lake.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—For pure goods, at reasonable prices, walk into Sechler's.

—I had Chronic Dysentery for one year. Peruna cured me. James Brennen, Pittsburg, Pa.

—Turn your steps towards Sechler's for family groceries, that is if you want a pure, fresh article.

—Mrs. Charles Diley, Pittsburg, says she had Chronic Catarrh badly. Peruna cured her perfectly.

—You will find those celebrated Boston baked beans at Sechler's, received direct from the Hub.

—You don't find any stale goods, of any kind, at Sechler's. Everything fresh and pure. Every family should obtain a supply from this famous grocery.

—We are not departing from the truth when we say that a better cigar than Harry Green sells cannot be found in this region. His host of customers will testify it.

—Sechler's stock of chewing and and smoking tobaccos is large and complete, containing all the best and most popular brands. Here is the place for users of the weed to go.

—First buy yourself a hammock, then go immediately to Harry Green's and purchase a supply of his celebrated cigars. With those and your hammock you can spend your leisure time on Sundays in the enjoyment of solid comfort. Yes, sir, and no mistake.

—No class of persons are more liable to be effected with "colds" and a disordered state of the liver than travelers, who are constantly changing bed and diet. For such Green's Syrup of "Tar, Honey and Bloodroot" and No. 1 and 2 Liver Pills are indispensable.

—It will do any one good to look into Sechler's store and see how extremely neat and clear everything is, and how conveniently arranged. But it will do you still more good to buy a supply of the choice family groceries there to be had and take them home with you. Those goods are the purest and freshest made, and consequently those who use them are always in a healthy state of mind and body.

Important.

Our readers will be pleased to learn that direct connection is at present made by the Pennsylvania and West Jersey Railroads to Atlantic City and Cape May, and that via this line passengers will avoid being over night "*en route*."

The "Pacific Express," which leaves Lock Haven at 7.05 A. M. every week-day, arrives at Philadelphia at 3.20 P. M. The Fast Express for Atlantic City leaves Philadelphia at 4.10 P. M., and runs through without stops in 90 minutes.

The Fast Express for Cape May leaves at 4.00 P. M., making the run to the Cape in two hours. This arrangement allows ample time for transfer from the Pennsylvania, to the West Jersey Railroad Station at Foot of Market Street.

Timely Topics.

Dr. Jayne of the New York board of health, says that it is not an unusual thing for him to see a death certificate of a child in which the cause of death is attributed to excessive jumping-rope. In such cases death is usually from brain congestion, and where such over-exertion in children does not lead to a fatal result it is very apt to injure the heart.

The total number of emigrants brought into this country since the establishment of the Union not including those arriving in 1880, was 10,138,750. Of this aggregate Ireland and Germany furnished about 3,000,000 each, England 900,000, France 313,000, Sweden and Norway 306,000, Switzerland 83,000, and other countries ranged from 60,000 for Italy to 613 for Turkey and 382 for Greece. Very few emigrants now come from Spain, Portugal or Italy.

The maddest man in Nebraska is a saloon keeper at Lincoln. He had been buying lottery tickets, and some loafers "put up a job" on him by publishing a fictitious telegram in local paper that the number held by him had drawn a $15,000 prize. His bar was free for the entire day, and all the loafers got drunk at his expense. It was a very difficult matter to convince him that he had not drawn the prize, so strong was his faith in newspapert; but he will never again believe a word he sees in print.

General Sherman on Jeff Davis.

Jefferson Davis spent a long time in writing his "Rise and Fall of the Southern Confederacy," but deliberate as has been the preparation of the work it is full of historical inaccuracies and the false statements of fact. General Sherman pointed out a number of these in his address before the Society of the Army of the Potomac, at Hartford, Wednesday last. The General also took occasion, Jeff Davis' opinion to the contrary, to approve of General Grant's movement from Washington to Richmond by land instead of water. In regard to the alleged atrocious cruelty caused by the removal of the non-combatants from Atlanta, General Sherman says "not a man, woman or child was harmed by that removal." He cites, in support of this declaration, the official report of Major Clare, o the confederate Army, who conducted the truce between the two armies. Equally explicit is General Sherman's denial of Mr. Davis' charge that Columbia was burned by his army. Neither Mr. Davis nor Gen. Wade Hampton was in Columbia when the city was burned, and yet Mr. Davis adopts as a fact the unsupported statement of Gen. Hampton that the fire was the work of United States troops. In contradiction of this, General Sherman says "the fire originated in Richardson street, near where I saw with my own eyes burning cotton bales, which had been set on fire by the Confederate cavalry." "I was supreme in command inside of Columbia during the night of the conflagration," continued the General, "and I allow no man, not even Jeff Davis, to question my statement of a fact as seen by myself." His deliberate judgment was that the town was fired by particles of burning cotton blown against fences and sheds, and that the cotton had unquestionably been set on fire by the Confederate soldiers. In confirmation of this statement he refers to General Howard, General Logan, General Wood, and others, who were present and witnessed the destruction of the city. But the strongest point made is, that the whole question was adjudicated by the mixed commission on American and British claims, the commission deciding that the United States was not responsible for the cotton destroyed, as the fire had been the act of the Confederate army. No wonder, after all this array of proof, that General Sherman should characterize Jeff Davis' naked statement relative to this matter as "simply infamous."

It was not to be presumed that Mr. Davis would be able to write a true and impartial history of the rebellion had he tried concientiously to do so, because it would be impossible for him to completely divest himself of prejudice; but he does not seem to have made the proper effort to get at the truth, and contents himself with repeating as facts the exploded rumors of the camp. Criticisms like those of General Sherman tend to show how utterly unreliable Davis' book is, and that it never can attain to the dignity of a "history."

A Desperate Threat.

A wag, having held a nice fat office for many years undisturbed, suddenly found himself called to account for some trifling discrepancies and dismissed. In a terrific rage he left the scene of his disgrace, and, shaking his fist at the witnesses against him, exclaimed:

"This is not the end of it! The consequences be upon your own heads if this results in murder!"

He was at once arrested for threatening the life of a witness, but was released amidst shouts of laughter, when he explained, saying:

"Gentlemen, I am a regularly graduated physician. In the twenty years I have held office my profession has been sadly neglected. In consequence of present necessity I am forced to resume that profession to support myself."

It is safe to say that he did not win patients from among his audience by his frank confession, if he did get the laugh on his enemies.

A Train Stopped by Caterpillars.

Colonies and India quotes from a New Zealand paper the following story: In the neighborhood of Turikina an army of caterpillars, hundreds of thousands strong, was marching across the railway line, bound for a new field of oats, when the train came along. Thousands of the creeping vermin were crushed by the wheels of the engine, and suddenly the train came to a dead stop. On examination, it was found that the wheels of the engine had become so greasy that they kept on revolving without advancing—they could not grip the rails. The guard and the engine driver procured sand and strewed it on the rails, and the train made a fresh start, but it was found that during the stoppage caterpillars in thousands had crawled all over the engine, and all over the carriages, inside and out.

The Dry Climate of Colorado.

A medical man, writing from Colorado, says he has been paying particular attention to the effect of the climate of that State upon healthy and consumptive persons, it having been advertised as highly beneficial for invalids troubled with affections of the lungs. The doctor finds that healthy persons lose flesh rapidly when coming into the rare atmosphere of Denver and Leadville, which are situated at a great height from the sea, many of them are taken with a dry catarrah which results rapidly in quick consumption and death. Invalids usually run a very short course, and die within a few days or weeks. Not wishing to appear biased, at all, in his opinion, the doctor asks invalids to judge for themselves whether they think they would enjoy basking in such a climate as Colorado.

Fashion Notes.

Box-plaited waists are revived.

Ladies' sachels are large flat and square.

Shoulder capes in every style will be worn.

Cretonne parasols in gay colors are used again.

The coal-scuttle shape is the favorite poke bonnet.

Bridegrooms and their "best men" do not were gloves.

Lace falls around the edge of bonnets are again worn.

Shirred sleeves grow more and more in fashionable style.

Spanish blonde is the darling lace of fashion at the moment.

Surah makes a much better trimming than either silk or satin, being soft and easily folded.

Buttonless silk gloves reaching above the elbow are new, but not so pretty as those of kid.

The merit of bunting is that it does crease, of nun's veiling that it does not catch the dust.

Vertical stripes in black and white or in contrasting colors are the newest style in stockings.

Small scarfs of hernani with chenille fringe, and woven velvety figures, come for summer wraps.

Half high shoes, with open bars across the instep, have the run of fashionable favor at present.

Tucks on the lower and upper skirts of cheviot and flannel suits will be the style for traveling dress this season.

Half high shoes, laced, buttoned, or with open bars over the instep, will be much worn with garden or house toilets.

A late caprice is to have one half of the parasol red or old gold and the other half black. This is sometimes adopted for the lining.

Sleeves puffed from the armhole to the wrist appear on some of the sheer muslin and silk tissue dresses for midsummer wear.

Glace or twilled shot Surah in two shades of color will be used to combine with and trim figured foulards, delaines and challies.

Surah sashes are three yards long and more than a half a yard wide, and a young woman who wears one is almost lost to sight in front o the big bow which they make.

THIS charge should either drive Mr. Depew entirely from the field, and from public life, or it should elect him Senator. He is either guilty of a most heinous crime, or the victim of a most scandalous conspiracy. If the former, he must step down and out, promptly. If the latter, the party should rally as promptly to his support, and rebuke the conspirators by giving him a unanimous vote. There is no middle ground, and nobody can afford to be indifferent in the face of such a charge. It is evident from the voting that the members of the Legislature do not believe that Mr. Depew is guilty. His vote was increased, so that he had a clear majority of all the members of the party in the Legislature, notwithstanding the fact that some of his friends were absent. If the bribery charge is only a move in the Conkling game, it is checkmated already.—*Poughkeepsie Eagle.*

Fitznoodle says in *Puck*. "It seems to me a little short of cwuelty to invite a wegiment of people to spend the evening at your house until considewably past midnight, and give them nothing but a glass of cold watah and some ice-cream." Fritz, old boy, you've forgotten the aw toothpicks.

Haunted Me.

A Workingman says: "Debt, poverty and suffering haunted me for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring which did no good. I was completely discouraged, until one year ago, by the advice of my pastor, I procured Hop Bitters and commenced their use, and in one month we were all well, and none of us have been sick a day since; and I want to say to poor men you can keep your families well a year with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost."—*Christian Advocate.*

24-2t.

—I was given up to die, from a disease of the limbs. I took Peruna and it cured me. J. Irvin Hope, Pa.

—Special inducements for orders for Clothing during the summer months.

12-50tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—The new "B" Howe Sewing machine, a perfect novelty; call at the Howe Sewing machine office, Allegheny St. Bellefonte, and see it.

MRS. N. K. DARE, Agent.
A. C. Moore, Manager.

—To our farmer friends we can say that our stock of goods for their use in house or farm is unequalled in Centre county. Give us a call and examine stock and prices.

Wilson, McFarlane & Co.

—The retail price of Logan Cement on and after this date will be two dollars per barrel and no charge for bags or barrels. H. K. Hicks.

THERE is a sort of impulsiveness which often gets people into serious trouble. We are fretted and vexed by the acts of somebody else, and we do not wait to think, but say out our irritation, and deeply wound some sensitive spirit. We are angry, and we let passion instead of calm reflection rule us. The impulsive person who cannot control his temper is like one who carries fire near gunpowder.

New Advertisements.

TAYLOR TOWNSHIP FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

ROAD.

John Beckwith in account with Taylor township as Supervisor for the year ending March 12, 1881:

	DR.	CR.
To amount of Duplicate	$405 61	
To unseated land money	141 47	
By work done by men		$257 35
By work done by teams & men		133 07
By work done per self		51 60
By 2 days settling and sworn into office		2 00
By exonerations		7 66
By balance due township		95 98
	$547 08	$547 08

Elijah Merryman in account with Taylor township and Supervisor for the year ending March 12, 1881:

To amount on duplicate	$276 30	
To unseated land money	177 24	
To order on twp for balance	16 41	
By bal. due at last settlement		$ 40 02
By work done on old duplic'e		38 15
By work done by men		266 34
By cash paid shoveling snow		36 14
By work per self 65 days		65 00
By notifying men to work		12 00
By exonerations		5 60
By one day settling and trip to Bellefonte for 1879		4 70
By one day settling for 1880		2 00
	$469 95	$469 95

POOR.

Hiram Blowers in account with Taylor township as Overseer of Poor for the year ending March 12, 1881:

	DR.	CR.
To amount on duplicate	$344 48	
To unseated land money	125 60	
To bal. due on old settlement	96 36	
By orders from 1 to 32 inclus'e		$566 96
By services, goods, and trip to Bellefonte		40 66
By exonerations		4 23
By expenses of Rachel Eve Beckwith		49 40
By Wm. Newman order		21 18
By 2 days settling and sworn into office		2 00
By percentage for col. dup		17 11
By balance due township		64 30
	$565 84	$565 84

JOHN T. FOWLER,
THOS. MERRYMAN,
HIRAM BLOWERS. } Auditors

D. G. GANOE, Twp Clk. 26-2431

SCHOOL.

John Beckwith in account with Taylor township as collector of School Tax, for the year ending June 7, 1881:

	DR.	CR.
To amount of duplicate	$987 11	
By amount paid Sam'l Hoover		$445 38
By amt. paid Wm. Miller		319 75
By exonerations		17 37
By amt. due township		204 61
	$987 11	$987 11

William Miller in account with Taylor township as collector and treasurer of school tax and building tax for the year ending June 7, 1881:

	DR.	CR.
To amount of duplicate	$561 84	
To unseated land money	512 04	
To State appropriation	136 16	
To money paid by J. Beckwith	319 75	
By orders from No. 294 to 315 inclusive for teachers' salaries, fuel, building, repairs, &c.		$ 1339 84
By exonerations		14 64
By percentage for collector $547.20 at 5 per cent		27 36
By percentage as treasurer for paying $1,335.84 at 2 per cent		26 71
By one day settling		1 00
By am't due twp		120 24
	$1529 79	$1529 79

SAM'L HOOVER, Pres't.
S. R. PRINGLE, Sec'y. 26-24-3t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—IN THE ORPHANS Court of Centre County.—In the matter of the estate of JOHN C. BRICKER, deceased. The Auditor appointed by the Court to hear and determine the exceptions filed to the account of John Musser, Jr., Executor of, &c., of said decedent, restate the account and make distribution of the balance in the hands of said accountant, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 30th day of June, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M. S. D. RAY,
23-3t Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JONATHAN WALKER, deceased, late of Boggs township, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.
WILLIAM RESIDES,
Administrator.
Milesburg, May 20, 1881. 21*6t

LETTING.—PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING stone abutments for a bridge across Pine Creek, in Haines township, will be received by the County Commissioners until 12 o'clock M., July 5th, 1881. Specifications can be seen at their office in Bellefonte. The contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
ANDREW GREGG,
GEORGE SWAB,
JACOB DUNKLE,
Commissioners.
HENRY BECK, Clerk. 24-3t

DOLL & MINGLE.

RELIABLE

BOOTS & SHOES.

BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Ladies' Lace Shoes for $1.00.
Ladies' Button Shoes for $1.50.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes for 90c.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes, kid foxed, for $1.25.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 25c.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 50c.
Ladies' Lasting Slippers for 42c.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.25) for $1.85.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.00) for $1.65.
Gents' good Leather Slippers, 85c.

In addition to the above we have an elegant line of Ladies,' Misses' and Children's FINE SHOES, FINE SLIPPERS and WALKING SHOES.

Our Ladies' French Kid of the Dimon & Disbrow make, are universally pronounced to be superior in every respect to any in the United States. Every pair warranted.

We can save you money. Try us and be convinced.

DOLL & MINGLE.
13-tf

New Advertisements.

WHAT WE HAVE NOT GOT!

We have no Dress goods, all wool, and a yard wide, at 8 cents per yard.
We have no yard-wide Muslins at 2 cents per yard.
We have no Calicos at 2 cents per yard.
We have no hand-made Shoes, all warranted, at 75 cents per pair.
We have no First-Class, all wool suits for Men, at $2.50.
We have no trash of any kind that we are trying to gull the community with.

BUT WE HAVE GOT

A better grade of Dress Goods, at 15 cents and up, than can be bought at any other store in Bellefonte at same price.

We have at from 6 cents up a better value in Bleached and Unbleached Muslins than the same price will buy you elsewhere.

We have CARPETS that have two ounces more wool to the yard, at same prices that lower grades bring elsewhere.

We have the LARGEST STOCK of CARPETS, best assortment to select from that can be found in Centre county.

We have the best Three Dollar Child's Suits that the money can procure.

We have the best Five Dollar School Suits in Bellefonte for that price.

We have the best Ten Dollar Suits for Men sold anywhere.

We have the best work, trimmings, fits and appearance in our Clothing for the money procured in the county. All first-class Clothiers are selling the same make of Clothing. No slop-shop trash, thrown or pasted together, but regularly sewed, same as any Merchant Tailor would or could make them.

We have the very best hand-made BOOTS and SHOES that we can find, and warrant them. And our warrant means just what it expresses.

We have a reputation of 30 years' trading at stake to uphold all we advertise.

We have the interest of our Trade at stake, and always strive to keep our Customers well satisfied. This we accomplish by always giving the full value for what money they give us.

Call and convince your wavering mind.

S. & A. LOEB.
15-tf

VALENTINES' STORES.

Now is a Good Time

To buy Bargains at our stores. We have Dress Goods at every price. We have made great reductions.

We have a full stock of Straw Hats, from 4c and upwards.

A very nice and complete stock of Clothing.

Trunks and Satchels.

We want to make room for some more goods that are coming, and have marked down some of our goods regardless of cost.

The early part of June will be wet. We can supply you with a gossamer hat and coat.

We are the largest dealers in Centre county, and receive new goods every day.

VALENTINES & CO.'S STORES,

13 HUMES' BLOCK, Bellefonte Pa.

New Advertisements.

The Bee Hive Stores.

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

As the summer season has advanced we are now offering special inducements and big bargains in Clothing made to order. It will pay you to call and examine them.

Just take a look at our fine line of Summer Underwear. We have them as low as 16 cts. for Undershirts, and a very good article at the price.

Our line of Dress Straw Hats we have marked down 15 per cent. in order to close them out before the season is over.

In Shirts we have an immense stock, such as White Dress, Calico, Percale, Cheviots, Blue Flannel, &c., from 25 cts. up.

Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, and really everything in the Gents' Furnishing line that you may call for. We have a large stock, and have marked all down to the lowest figures.

We are still making our Bee Hive Overalls. They are made out of the Best Material in our Tailor shop, and every pair warranted not to rip. Price, $1.00

You can convince yourself of the truth of the above by calling on

Yours, Respectfully,

Bauland & Newman,
Originators of the One Price System,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
13-10

New Advertisements.

New York Clothing House

We are now daily opening out new lines of fresh goods, and we propose to offer the public the most complete and varied assortment in every department that can be found.

We need hardly dwell on the fact that NO HOUSE CAN OR DOES UNDERSELL US We warrant our goods to be RELIABLE IN QUALITY AND LOWER IN PRICE (material and workmanship considered) than can be found in Bellefonte. Our trade, which is increasing daily, is the most positive proof of the fact.

Look what our various counters contain:

MEN'S COUNTERS.

MEN'S FINE, ALL CASSIMER SUITINGS.

Men's fine Cheviot Suitings,	Men's Fine Dress Suitings,
Men's Union Cassimer "	Men's Fancy Plaid "
Men's Diagonal "	Men's Silk Mixed "
Men's M'dlesex Flannel "	

BOYS' COUNTERS.

Boys' handsome Diagonal Suitings, ages 8 to 10 years.
Boys' all Wool Dress " " " "
Boys' Blue Cloth " " " "
Boys' Nobby Cheviot " " " "
Boys' Berkshire Cassimer " " " "
Boys' Russell Cassimer " " " "
Boys' Yacht Cloth Flannel " " " "
Boys' Strong School " " " "

CHILDREN'S COUNTERS.

For Children from 3 to 10 years of age.

Children's Knickerbocker Suitings.	Children's Dark Grey Suitings.
Children's Indigo Sailor "	Children's Basket Worsted "
Children's fine Cassimer "	Children's wide ribbed Diag. "
Children's Rock Mill Cas. "	Children's Kilt (all wool) "

Furnishing Goods Counters.

Fine Neck Wear.	Summer Merino Underwear.
White and Fancy Colored Shirts.	Overshirts and Overalls.
Fancy Suspenders.	Fine Soft and Stiff Hats.
Collars and Cuffs.	Fine Straw Hats.

Our stock of Trunks, Satchels, etc., is complete, with all the leading styles, which we are selling at bottom prices. Purchasers will find it to their advantage by calling at the

New York Clothing House,
M. ASH, Proprietor.
Allegheny Street, Opposite Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte, Pa.
14

Second Arrival of Spring Goods!

Our trade has been so much larger than we expected that Mr. Gust Lyon has been compelled to go East for a

SECOND SPRING STOCK.

We have just received the handsomest stock of LAWNS, very beautiful Patters, from 7c upwards

A NEW LINE OF

BUNNTING, GRENADINES and HERNANIS.

WE CAN SHOW YOU A HANDSOME LINE OF

CHINTZES, CRETONNES, AND PERCALES.

Undoubtedly we have the Best and most varied Assortment of

Ladies' Underwear, Skirts, Night Gowns, and Suits Complete.

We have SKIRTS from 38 cts. to $6.50, trimmed in EMBROIDERY or LACE. CHEMISE from 40 cts. to $3, in all Styles. Lady Clerks in attendance to show you these goods.

LADIES' LINEN ULSTERS,

The Largest Variety now Open that can be Found Anywhere. We need not quote prices of them, but we Guarantee them 15 cts. Cheaper than any other House in the County.
In PARASOLS, we can Beat anything around here

Ladies' Slippers, Walking Shoes, Button Walking Shoes, Inlaid Sandals

BOX TOED and otherwise; we can show you about 30 varieties, bought direct from the Mananufacturers.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

The Largest and Most Complete Stock of CLOTHING Ever Brought to Town.

SUMMER SUITS, $3,75,

A BEAUTIFUL LIGHT AND MEDIUM WEIGHT SUIT AND HEAVY SUITS AT $4.75.

A Good Linen and Cassimer Suit at $5.00 A nice Dress Suit at $6.75, $7.50, $800, $10.00—Good Quality. Light and Dark Cassimers. The best qualities of Suits, in all wool Cassimeres, Diagonals, Basket Patterns, and Vassalburgs, from $10.00 up.

We are willing to wager that we have sold more Pants this Season as any 30 other concerns combined; Because we had better and better made, and Cheaper than you can find anywhere. Boys' Good Pants, 75 cents. Mens' Good Pants, $1.00

We have Warner & Co's Celebrated Pants for $1.25; Celebrated because they are better made and better goods than any other Pants for the money.

Boots! Boots! Shoes! Shoes!

We can now show Three Times as many Shoes than any other concern. Men's Low Cut Button Shoes, Oxford Ties, High Button Shoes, Buckle Shoes. We have them very cheap for parties who don't want to pay much, from $1.25 up. And we have the best, good, serviceable and fine Shoes.

Come and see for yourselves if we don't do all we say. We are running four large stores, and buy goods direct from the Manufactures, and we can offer to sell cheap. All goods marked in plain figures, and strictly One Price,

LYON & CO.

Branch Stores--Philipsburg, Pa., Reynoldsville, Pa., Houtzville, Pa.

w14-6m dm13-tf ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Great Religious Revival.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 14.—Eleven weeks ago to-night the boy preacher evangelist, Rev. Thos. Harrison, began to revival in Robert's Park Church, Methodist, this city. The first night he predicted that over 1,000 conversions would be made, that all the churches would be thrown open and that the city would be stirred in every part. All these have been more than verified, the large churches were crowded to their utmost capacity and many were unable to gain admittance. At a meeting of the Ministerial Association this morning the total number of conversions is reported at about twenty-two hundred, and that sixty-five hundred have risen for prayers. In Robert's Park the number of conversions is ten hundred and eighty-nine, and thirty-six hundred at the altar and hundreds unable to gain admittance to the meetings. It is the universal opinion that the revival is only commenced. It is the theme in all places of business, and the country round about is largely under the influence. Sixteen churches are now open for revival work. The use of all the theatres has been tendered for Sunday service.

Affray at Altoona.

ALTOONA, June 14.—A cowardly, murderous assault way yesterday committed on Frederick Swonger, a quiet and peaceable citizen of this place, by James McGraw, a negro, who is of a quarrelsome disposition. Swonger was under the influence of liquor, and McGraw happening along laughed at him. They had some words, when Swonger pulled off his coat to fight and McGraw hurled a stone at him, hitting him in the head and breaking his skull. Medical attendance was at once summoned and all came to the conclusion that the man would die. McGraw tried to escape but he was caught by George and Joe Kunkle, who took him into custody and brought him before the Mayor. He was given a preliminary trial and sent to the county jail at Hollidaysburg in the evening. Great excitement prevailed in the vicinity of the outrage. The railroaders were very indignant at the act, and threatened to lynch the negro. Swonger at the present writing is in a critical condition, with no hopes of recovering. He is a married man with five children. McGraw is a single man.

Hurricane in Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, June 14.—A heavy wind and rain storm passed over this section on Saturday afternoon, between the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock. The storm was already coming from the east and west, both storms meeting between Easton and Delavan, and then going in a northeasterly direction from three to five miles with the fury of a hurricane, carrying death and destruction in its path. An old couple named Chaffie were killed and their building blown to pieces. John R. Evans had his house and barn wrecked, L. P. Robert's barn was wrecked and his daughter seriously injured. Reports continues to arrive and show the storm to have been very destructive seven or eight houses and barns having been wrecked and a number of people injured.

Blame and the President.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—There is not a particle of truth in the reports so persistently sent from here of coolness between the President and Senator Blaine. On the contrary, the confidence of the President in Blaine's friendship as an individual, and loyalty as a public official has been increased, if that was possible, since the fourth of last March. Secretary Blaine has been very careful to keep strictly in the bounds of his official duties and relations, and has never volunteered any advice to the President.

A report telegraphed from Albany that Secretary Blaine had been summoned before the Bribery Investigating Committee there is not true. It was a canard.

Whittaker Found Guilty.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The report and testimony in the Whittaker case is very voluminous and it will take some days for the Judge Advocate General to go through it. The finding is not yet made public, but it is learned that it finds Whittaker guilty and recommends his dismissal.

Fatally Burned.

WAYNESBURG, Pa., June 14.—On Saturday night Mrs. Millin Wiley a widow, of this place, received injuries by burning which caused her death on Sunday. She was sitting in the parlor of her house with her sweetheart and accidentally upset a lamp which exploded, setting fire to her clothing and burning her frightfully.

Demonstration of Workingmen.

PITTSBURGH, June, 15.—A demonstration of Knights of Labor will be made on Satudray evening next. A large open meeting was held last evening, at which the preliminary arrangements were made. All the trade organizations in Allegheny county will be represented in the procession, and the delegations will be present from every town within 100 miles of the city. It is estimated that between 20,000 and 30,00 men will be in line. The programme includes a torchlight procession, and a mass meeting in the Allegheny Diamond.

Kerosene Again.

FRANKLIN, Pa., June 15.—This evening about five o'clock a servant girl named Kate Sutley, in the employ of C. W. Gilfillan, threw the contents of a kerosene can in the kitchen stove to hurry up the fire, when the flames communicated with the contents of the can, causing an explosion, and throwing the burning fluid over the girl, enveloping her in flames, and burning her so severely that she will certainly die.

Later—The victim died this evening. She was fifteen years of age and quite a bright girl.

Reduced Freight Rates.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The following circular was issued this afternoon:

"It having been shown that the established tariff on grain was not maintained by all the railroad lines, Commissioner Fink, under the agreement of March 11th, has authorized a general reduction of grain rates on a basis of twenty cents per hundred from Chicago to New York. If this rate is not strictly maintained a further reduction will be authorized to meet the lowest special rate that may be made until such time as all the roads are willing to maintain higher rates and make them alike to all shippers between the same localities. This action is taken to prevent unjust discrimination between shippers from the same localities. No other classes of freight except grain and the eighth class are affected by this reduction. Rates may be increased without previous ten days' notice."

Shot Three Times.

STEUBENVILLE, June 15.—Dory Weems was shot twice here last night by George Irwin, one shot hitting him in the forehead and one in the neck, passing back of the windpipe. Neither wound is considered dangerous. Irwin was arrested and lodged in jail. He stated to your correspondent that Weems came into his house and wanted to see his wife, and that he ordered him out, using some force. Weems came back and kicked a door in, when Irwin again ordered him out. Weems refused to go, and replied he would die but what he would see that woman. Irwin then shot at him three times, and said he would have shot him more times if he had had the loads. Irwin's wife is Hattie Anderson. The house has a bad reputation.

A Wife Murderer Lynched.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 15.—Last night an armed crowd of twenty-five men from Franklin county took possession of Dover, Pike county, jail, and hung Emory, the murderer whose death sentence Governor Churchill a few weeks since commuted to twenty-one years in the penitentiary. It is supposed he was dead when hung. Emory was found guilty of the murder of his wife, and sentenced to be hanged, but the Governor commuted the sentence as stated.

Warren's Loss.

WARREN, O., June 15.—At 11 o'clock to-night the flouring mill of the Camp & Randall Manufacturing Company was totally destroyed by fire. The origin is unknown, but it is supposed to have been caused by friction in some part of the machinery. Several hundred barrels of flour and three or four thousand bushels of wheat were burned. The loss is not less than $50,000; insurance, $25,000.

The Miracle Fraud Discharged.

ERIE, Pa, June, 15.—Father Maloney, the exposed miracle worker, who was arrested on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, was discharged. It was shown that he had been paid money to effect miraculous cures, but he could not be held, because, although he took the money, he did not solicit it.

The New Hampshire Senatorship.

CONCORD, N. H., June 15.—The House adjourned without coming to a vote on the election of a Senator. The Senate voted to elect, 14 to 10. The Republican caucus met this morning and agreed to await the action of the Legislature before making a nomination.

Thurman Declines.

COLUMBUS, O., June 15.—Senator Thurman absolutely declines to permit the use of his name in connection with the Democratic nomination for Governor. The feeling has been growing all over the State in favor of the old Roman. Letters and telegrams have been sent him importuning him to consent, and if he had done so the opinion prevails that he would have been nominated by acclamation.

Custodian Crookedness.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—A gentleman thoroughly familiar with the contents of the report of the committee examining the transactions of office of the Custodian of the Treasury is authority for the statement that there is nothing in it which reflects in any manner upon the integrity of Assistant Secretary Upton or Chief Clerk Power. Assistant Secretary Upton was asked about the findings of the committee, and said he did not desire to discuss matters, inasmuch as it was a personal affair of the Secretary's. He said he is perfectly willing to abide by the result of the committee's report so far as it may treat upon anything he may have done, either during the time he served as Chief Clerk or since he has occupied the position of Assistant Secretary. Chief Clerk Power also maintains his business transactions have certainly been above suspicion, and he has no apprehension as to the findings of the committee so far as he is personally concerned. It is said various sums of money have been turned into the treasury since the committee commenced work by different tradesman who have been overpaid.

Secretary Windom to-day submitted the report of the Investigating Committee to Assistant Secretary Upton and Chief Clerk Power and Appointment Clerk Lamphere, the officials implicated by the report, that they might see the charges and evidence against them and prepare their defense. The committee is to go ahead with the investigation. They have so far investigated only one branch of the custodian's business, that relating to the purchase of new goods and the sale of articles after they had been used. They found that the law requiring all articles to be purchased under contract with the lowest bidders was persistently violated, and that purchases were regularly made from favored merchants; also that valuable articles, such as carpets, furniture, silver, pitchers, etc, were sold for nominal prices to friends of the ring. The committee now proposes to go into an investigation of everything relating to the Custodian's office. Pitney will be called again but it is not expected that he will testify. Under the law of Congress a committee of investigation appointed by the head of a department has substantially the same powers as conferred on a Congressional committee, but if Pitney persists in his refusal to testify there is no way to compel him. He can be dismissed, and that is about the only penalty that can be imposed.

Restless Red Men.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Indian Commissioner Price had a surprise this morning. Three runaway Indians from the Chippewa tribe, Wisconsin, accompanied by an interpreter, all in paint and feathers, marched into his office unannounced and squatted unceremoniously for a pow wow. Four arrived last night and went to the Trenton House, annoucing that they had come to see their Great Father. Commissioner Price was astonished when they appeared before him. The interpreter stated they represented one hundred and seventy-five families who had sent them to Washington in hopes of securing a new reservation. As this particular tribe is especially well provided for, and have more land in their present reservation than there is actual use for, the Commissioner thus addressed his visitors:

"You can get no lands here, and I think you had better go back and work your corn and potatoes. There is more for the Indian to do besides hunting and fishing. They should raise products from the soil and learn to work, as I have done many times, with their hands and arms, and become respectable citizens. The buffalo are all gone, and your own sense should teach you it is time to throw of those feathers and rings and devote your time to earning a living in another way. This running over the country won't do. You are well provided for and can gain nothing by coming to Washington, and you must go back and so inform your people.

Ben New Mexico, the interpreter, enlightened his companions as to the reception accorded and the emphatic language of the Commissioner. The only responce was an occasional "ugh," and a dissatisfied shake of the head. They were then sent back to their hotel with repeated admonition to return home at once.

Suffrage Question in Italy.

ROME, June 16.—The Chamber of Deputies rejected the Universal Suffrage by a vote of 314 to 39. The Female Suffrage was rejected by a show of hands, only Signor Fabri, its proposer, voting for it.

Crispis amendment, conferring franchise on all who can read and write was rejected—220 to 154. In opposition to the proposal of the Government that franchise be granted all who pay taxes to the amount of twenty lire and can read and write a motion was made to substitute ten for twenty lire. The Government declares the point a vital one on which they were determined to stand or fall. The amendment was rejected—212 to 173.

A Murphy Boom.

OIL CITY, Pa., June 16.—A temperance wave has struck us. The city has got it bad. Francis Murphy has been here nearly two weeks now, and the interest increases at each succeeding meeting. Hundreds have signed the pledge. Among the number are some of the hardest drinkers in the city. Ladies circulated a petition and got the merchants to close up their places of business at eight o'clock this evening. Nearly every store in the city was closed at that time, and the large two centre pole tent used by the orator was insufficient to hold the vast crowd.

Bank President Sentenced.

WINDSOR, VT., June 15.—Silas M. Waite, ex-President of the First National Bank of Brattleboro, in the United States Court this morning, pleaded guilty to the first and fourth counts of the first indictment, charging him with making a false return to government officials under the national banking act and was sentenced to six years, imprisonment in the House of Correction.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Liverpool Dynamite.

LONDON, June 14.—In consequence of the attempt to blow up the Town Hall at Liverpool, regulations forbiding strangers to enter the precincts of the House of Commons with parcels, which had lately fallen in obeyance, will be enforced and the gathering of strangers in the lobby will be strictly prohibited. The police are renewing their vigilance relative to the personal safety of the ministers. Two members of the Liverpool police profess to have incontrovertible evidence connecting Kevitt and Roberts with the attempt on the central police station, London.

The authorities of the Portsmouth naval station are taking precaution to prevent the introduction of explosives amongst the coals on board the iron clads.

Italian Explorers Massacred.

ADEN, June 14.—The massacre of the Italian exploring party occurred near Baidul, an Egyptian halting station. The expedition left Assab in April to explore the course of the Qualina river. The Italian Government telegraped to Cairo demanding a strict inquiry and the punishment of the murderers. Lieutenant Ginletti, leader of the expedition is among the killed. The attack was made by natives at night, twelve days' march from Assab. The object is believed to be plunder. One account states the massacre was in retaliation for an act of the explorers in seizing a sheikh in consequence of a dispute about a camel.

The Victoria Excursion Disaster.

LONDON, ONT., June 15.—The Coroner's jury in the Victoria excursion steamer disaster find that the government inspector deserves blame for the manner in which he inspected and passed the boat, as from the evidence her upper construction was not fit to carry a large load of passengers, and we would strongly urge upon the Government the necessity of making more stringent inspection and regulations in regard to passenger steamboats.

Insuring Workmen Against Accident.

BERLIN, June 16.—In the Reichstag yesterday the bill for insuring against accident workmen and clerks whose wages amount to less than 2,000 marks per year was read a third time. The bill as now passed stands essentially as it was settled upon at its second reading. Two-thirds of the insurance premiums are to be paid by the employers and one third by the insured, the government contribution being struck out.

Local Option in England.

LONDON, June 16.—The House of Commons last night passed by 196 to 154 Lawson's resolution—that it is desirable to give Legislative effect to a former resolution—which affirmed the justice of local communities being invested with power to protect themselves from the operation of the liquor traffic. Gladstone voted with the minority. Forster, Bright, Goschen and Dr. Playfair voted with the majority.

Strike of London Telegraph Operators.

LONDON, June 13.—The London telegraph operators employed by the government decided to cease working overtime on the 27th instant, as a preliminary step to obtain a reduction of hours of service. The Leeds operator approved the action of the London committee, and resolved that upon the given date to discontinue all overtime work.

A Day in Africa.

I am not immodest enough to assume to speak for other readers, but for my own part I have become rather tired of African travelers. One always knows beforehand what they have in their pack, and precisely the way in which they will spread out their wares. The victorious struggle with the lion, and the hair-breadth escape from death at the hands of the native chiefs, are matters easily anticipated; and that romantic young savage who attaches himself body and soul to the person of the adventurer, and invariably returns with him to civilization—what a threadbare figure that is! How well we know him under his various gutteral aliases! Yet what would six months in Africa amount to without this lineal descendant of Robinson Crusoe's man Friday?

I may seem to display a want of tact in disparaging African travellers, being, in an humble fashion, an African traveller myself, but I have a rare advantage over everybody who has ever visited that country, and written about it—I remained there only one day. The stand-point from which I view the dark continent is thus unique. If I had remained a year, or even a fortnight, I should have ceased to be original. I should naturally have killed my lion, tempted the appetite of the anthropophagite, and brought home a little negro boy. I did none of these things, and instead of obscurely falling in at the tail end of a long line of African explorers, I claim to stand quite alone, and in an attitude so wholly unconventional as to entitle it to copyright. So far as I am aware, the idea never before entered the head of any man to travel five thousand miles to Africa, and then to stay there only twenty-four hours.

A Wonderful Lake.

The greatest wonder in the State of Iowa, and, perhaps, in any other state, is what is called the Walled Lake, in Wright county, twelve miles north of the Dubuque and Pacific Railway, and one hundred and fifty miles west of Dubuque City.

The lake is two or three feet higher than the earth's surface. In some places the wall is ten feet high, fifteen feet wide at the bottom and five feet wide on the top. Another fact is the size of the stone used in the construction, the whole of them varying in weight from three hundred pounds. There is an abundance of stones in Wright county, but surrounding the lake to the extent of five or ten miles there are none. No one can form an idea of the means employed to bring them to the spot or who constructed it.

Around the entire lake is a belt of woodland half a mile in length, composed of oak. With this exception the country is a rolling prairie. The trees must have been planted there at the time of the building of the wall.

In the spring of the year 1856, there was a great storm, and the ice on the lake broke the wall in several places, and the farmers in the vicinity were obliged to repair the damages to prevent inundation. The lake occupies a ground surface of 3,800 acres; depth of water as great as twenty-five feet.

The water is clear and cold, soil sandy and loamy. It is singular that no one has been able to ascertain where the water comes from nor where it goes, yet is is always clear and fresh.

A Sister in a Tight Place.

At N—, one Saturday evening, fatigued by his long journey, a wagoner, with his son John, drove his team in good range, and determined to pass the Sabbath, enjoying a season of worship with the good Methodists of the village.

When the time of worship arrived, John was set to watch the team, while the wagoner went in with the crowd. The preacher had hardly announced his subject before the old man fell sound asleep. He sat against the partition in the centre of the body slip; just over against him, seperated only by the very low partition, sat a fleshy lady, who seemed all absorbed in the sermon. She struggled hard with her feelings, until unable to control them any longer, she burst out with a loud scream, and shouted at the top of her voice, rousing the old man, who but half awake, thrust his arms around her waist and cried, very soothingly:

"Wo, Nance; Wo, Nance, wo! Here John"—calling his son—"cut the belly-band and loose the breeching, quick, or she'll tear everything all to pieces!"

It was the work of a moment, but the sister forgot to shout anymore, the preacher lost the thread of his discourse, and the meeting came prematurely to an end; while, deeply mortified, the old man skulked away, determined not to go to meeting again until he could manage to keep his senses by remaining awake.

You Will not be Sorry.

For being courteous to all.
For doing good to all men.
For speaking evil of no one.
For hearing before judging.
For holding an angry tongue.
For thinking before speaking.
For being kind to the distressed.
For asking pardon for all wrongs.
For being patient toward everybody.
For stopping the ears of a tale bearer.
For disbelieving most of the ill reports.

Gov. Bross, of Illinois, says that there was more drunkenness in Chicago when it had only 18,000 people than there is now. They must have had high old times then—in the early days of Chicago.

The Voyage of a Bottle.

From the Providence Journal.

A champagne bottle was recently found by Benjamin F. Sisson, a fisherman, on the beach about two miles and a half east of Watch Hill, which contained the following writing: "The finder of this bottle will please return to Mr. John Burns barkeeper on the steamer Bristol, and get a reward of $10. This is a bet between Mr. Burns and Mr. Mangam the freight clerk, that this bottle would never be seen again, and either one will pay the reward. Thrown overboard off Block Island. May 20, 1880. Harry Hanscomb." The bottle had been a year and three days afloat.

Prejudice Kills.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery under the care of several of the best (and some of the worst) physicians who gave her disease various names but no relief, and now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had poohed at for two years, before using it. We earnestly hope and pray that no one else will let their sick suffears we did, on account of prejudice against so good a midicine as Hop Bitters."—The Parents—*Telegram.*

24-2t.

Ex-Mayor Garvey, of Piqua, Ohio says:

I feel under many obligations to you for the relief afforded me by the use of your invaluable medicine, Dr. Bosanko's Rheumatic Cure. I have been for years a sufferer from Chronic Rheumatism, suffering at times the most excruciating pains, and depriving me of my nights' sleep. After consulting a number of physicians and obtaining no relief, I commenced using your Rheumatic Cure, and after using four bottles, I am absolutely cured, free from any pain, able to attend to my business, and resting perfectly comfortable at night.

—Mrs. F. Simmering, Millersville, Pa., had Ozena and Chronic Catarrh. Peruna cured her entirely.

—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done thousands of women more good than the medicine of many doctors. It is a positive cure for all female complaints. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham.

ONE of the early results of French supremacy in Tunis is the cancelling of a contract made by the Bey's Government with an Italian company for the construction of a railroad. The inhabitants of the Regency will now have to look to Paris for such modern enterprises as railways and telegraphs, and they will not have long to wait. The civilization and development of Northern Africa seem to be the special mission of the French Republic. After Tunis is fully occupied we may expect to hear of the revival of the magnificent project for a railway across the Sahara Desert to the fertile plains and valleys of the Soudan.

Ashland Pa., June 3rd, 1880. A case of spavin that came under my observation was entirely cured by one bottle of your Kendall's Spavin Cure, and the horse sold afterwards for two hundred dollars. Yours truly, C. H. Barnard.

—EMPLOYMENT FOR LADIES.—The Queen City Suspender Company, of Cincinnati, are now manufacturing and introducing their new Stocking Supporters for Ladies and Children, and their unequaled Skirt Suspenders for Ladies. None should be without them; our leading physicians recommend them, and are loud in their praise. These goods are manufactured by ladies who have made the wants of ladies and children a study, and they ask us to refer them to some reliable and energetic lady to introduce them in this county, and we certainly think that an earnest solicitation in every household would meet with a ready response, and that a determined woman could make a handsome salary and have the exclusive agency for this county. We advise some lady who is in need of employment to send to the Company her name and address, and mention this paper. Address Queen City Suspender Company, Nos. 147 & 149 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 21-7t

—Have you seen the new style Wooden Curb for Chain Pumps? and by the way are you aware that the chain pumps are being daily substituted for the other pumps in use. Wilson, McFarlane & Co. are making a specialty of these pumps. If you want pure, cold water don't fail to get a Chain Pump.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms of moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, as if pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected; if allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "Dr Swayne's All-Healing Ointment" is a pleasant sure cure. Also the Tetter, Icth, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotches, all Scaly, Crusty, Cutaneous Eruptions. Price 50 cents. 3 boxes for $1.25. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price in currency, or three cent postage stamp. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., to whom letters should be addressed. Sold by all prominent druggists. 12-7-1y

—I. Guggenheimer & Co. have the sole agency and exclusive sale of our justly celebrated men's and boys' Rochester clothing.

12-tf SCHWARZ BROS. & CO.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

RECENT political events give especial timeliness to the consideration of the growth of the machine, and the most effective way to "smash" it. It is announced that the July number of SCRIBNER will contain the first of a series of important papers entitled "The People s Problem," discussing the subject in a new and vigorous way. The writer, Mr. Albert Stickney, is a well-known lawyer of New York City, and though his remedies may be found radical, they have the advantage of being those of one who has given thorough study to the subject in its historical and moral aspects.

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE.—The numbers of *The Living Age* dated June 4th and June 11th, contain articles on the Unity of Nature, by the Duke of Argyll, From "The Iliad of India," and Law Reform in the Days of Justinian, *Contemporary;* Carlyle's Lectures on the Periods of European Culture, *Nineteenth Century;* Margaret, Duchess of Newcastle, *Blackwood;* Mr. Thrale, *Fraser;* Lost, *Macmillan;* One Year in a German Cookery School, *Cornhill;* Science in China, *Nature;* The Hippopotamus, *Seven Years in South Africa;* Hobbies, and the Industrial Ideal of Life, *Spectator;* The Ethnology of Eyes, *Standard;* with instalments of "Visited on the Children," and "The Freres," "A Bishop's Confession," and the usual amount of poetry.

For fifty-two numbers of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,300 pages a year), the subscription price ($8) is low; while for $10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American $4 monthlies or weeklies with *The Living Age* for a year, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

THE Supreme Court of New York has granted the order to change the name of the corporation of "Scribner & Co." to "*The Century Co.*" —the order to take effect on the 21st of June. The July issues of *Scribner's Monthly* and *St. Nicholas* will have the new corporate imprint.

IT MAY surprise some of the young readers of *St. Nicholas* who are enjoying the rollicking fun of the serial for boys, "Phaeton Rogers," now being published in that magazine, to know that its author, Mr. Rossiter Johnson, is most of the time engaged in the staid work of editing the "American Cyclopædia." He is already well known among older people as the editor and originator of the "Little Classic" series, and the author of some admirable magazine articles and stories. And not a few literary people remember with admiration his faithful friendship for that gifted and unfortunate poet, Richard Realf, and the kindly vindication of his memory which he gave the press a few years ago.

The short stories which he has heretofore contributed to *St. Nicholas* have been especially notable for their boy-spirit and the overflowing humor of the situations and the dialogue; but in the present serial he has far surpassed anything which he has done heretofore, and no more laughable and more boy-like adventures are to be found anywhere in writing than those of his inventive hero Phaeton Rogers. Mr. Johnson's power of caricature and of picturing character is so great that he seems to deserve the title lately given him by an admiring reader, "The Dickens of boy literature."

IT is interesting to know where the magazine writers come from. The July SCRIBNER will contain contributions from John Esten Cooke, Joel Chandler Harris ("Uncle Remus"), Sidney Lanier, J. A. Macon, William Murfree, Sr., Constance Cary Harrison, George W. Cable, W. D. Howells, Harriet McEwen Kimball, Sarah D. Clark, George P. Fisher, Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, Charles Barnard, Maurice F. Egan, Albert Stickney, May Croly Roper, Eugene Schuyler, S. B. Parsons, Jr., D. L. Proudfit, H. W. Elliott. Of these, the first seven are Southerners, and the next six New Englanders, the next five New Yorkers. If the names of the reviewers were given, there would be accession to the last two classes. There was, of course, no consideration in section in making up the number, but a recent increase of acceptable work from Southern writers is said to be remarkable. Mr. Elliot is from Ohio, we believe, and happens to be the only representative of the West—a section which is continually doing good literary work in many fields.

"THE NEW AMERICAN SCHOOL OF WOOD ENGRAVING."—Austin Dobson, the well-known English poet, in a chapter on illustrated books in "The Library," the latest volume of McMillan's "Art at Home," says:

"To close the account of modern wood engraving some brief reference must be made to what is styled the 'new American school,' as exhibited for the most part in *Scribner's*, and other transatlantic magazines. Authorities, it is reported, shake their heads over these performances. . . . But to the outsider it would certainly seem as if the chief ground of complaint is that the new-comers do not play the game according to old rules, and that this (alleged) irregular mode of procedure tends to lessen the status of the engraver as an artist. False or true, this, it may fairly be advanced, has nothing whatever to do with the matter, as far, at least, as the public are concerned. For them the question is, simply and solely, What is the result obtained? The new school, availing themselves largely of the assistance of photography, are able to dispense in a great measure, with the old tedious method of drawing on the block, and to leave the artist to choose what medium he prefers for his design —be it oil, water color, or black and white—concerning themselves only to reproduce its characteristics on the wood. This is, of course, a deviation from the method of Bewick. But would Bewick have adhered to his method in these days? Even in his last hours he was seeking for new processes. What we want is to get nearest to the artism himself with the least amount of interpretation or intermediation on the part of the engraver. Is engraving on copper to be reproduced, we want a fac simile if possible, and not a rendering into something which is supposed to be the orthodox utterance of wood-engraving. . . . It is not to be wondered at that the public, who, for a few pence, can have practical fac-similes of Blake, of Cruikshank, or of Whistler, are loud in their praise of the 'new American school.' Nor are its successes confined to reproduction in fac simile. Those who look at the exquisite illustrations in *Scribner*, to the 'Tile Club at Play,' to Roe's 'Success with Small Fruits,' and Harris's 'Insects Injurious to Vegetation,'—to say nothing of the selected specimens in the recently issued 'Portfolios,'—will see that the latest comers can hold their own on all fields with any school that has gone before."

GOOD COMPANY ($3.00 a year; Springfield, Mass.,) for May has a long installment of "In the Land of the Midnight Sun" by Lieutenant Fredrick Schwatka, commander of the Franklin Search Expedition, in which he begins the account of the great Artic sledge journey, the longest both in distance and time ever attempted. It was absent from its base eleven months and a half and traversed a distance of over 3,200 miles. To quote from the narritive Lieut. Schwatka's own words:—

"With less than one month's provisions ourselves by an icy desert of four or five hundred miles from all chances of rescue, with eighteen human and forty-four brute mouths to be fed, in a region where over a hundred men, led by as experienced leaders as it was possible to produce in a country famous for its artic heroes, had perished; there to spend possibly a year, and under the most favorable circumstances not less than nine months, to make a laborous and thorough search to determine the fate of those who had thus died."

"Recollections of My Childhood in Old Japan" is by a native of that country, a young lady now pursuing her education in the United States. It is perhaps a more detailed account of life in a Japanese family under the old regime than has been before published.

The fiction includes stories by Mrs. Rebecca Harding Davis and Miss Kathrine Carrington, and an instalment of "Mildred's Caprice," the new serial story begun in the last number.

Mrs. Gen. Lew Wallace has "Among the Pueblos," a subject on which her residence in the southwest renders her competent authority. Octave Thanet under the form of a colloque discusses "Creeds" with characteristic thoroughness. Mrs. Lizzie W. Champney writes of "The Alhambra and its Master-Magician." One of the poems has for its subject, Old Abe, that famous war-eagle of a Wisconsin regiment, that died recently. Other articles and poems round out the number.

Warm Weather Reading.

Professor Shaler, of Harvard, starts for Europe next week.

It costs $32,000 a season to furnish Long Branch with music.

Ridgefield Park is another new and pretty resort on the Jersey coast.

At Cape May Point a number of cottagers and other visitors have arrived.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi P. Morton are expected to leave this country for France early in July.

Colonel Ingersoll will pass his summer in looking after his mining property in New Mexico.

The Stockton Hotel, Cape May, will open on the 25th inst. The house is now being put into prime order.

Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris will arrive at Long Branch about the middle of June, on a visit to General Grant.

Senator Voorhees is suffering from rheumatism, and will soon go to the Hot Springs of Arkansas for relief.

General W. T. Sherman has accepted an invitation to attend the New England Fair at Worcester in September.

The supply of cottages at Swampscott is unequal to the demand, although very many new ones have been built since last year.

Commodore Garrison is building a large private cottage at Elberno, Long Branch. It will be in Queen Ann style, and cost $60,000.

The Duke of Sutherland is mentioned as greatly enjoying his American trip. He regards the American people as most hospitable.

Mr. George W. Wales and family, of Boston, have arrived at their cottage on Yznaga avenue, Newport, They remain for the summer.

Robert Barbour, the thread, manufacture of Paterson, N. J., is building himself a cottage at Long Branch, which is to cost the sum of $30,000.

Ex-Postmaster General Maynard is passing several weeks at Westborough, Mass., his native town, visiting his sister, who lives in the house where he was born.

The family of E. C. Palmer, the well-known New Orleans banker, has arrived at Wareham for the season. Mr. Palmer proposes to winter hereafter in New York.

The Boston millionaires, R. M. and T. F. Cushing, Nathaniel Thayer, Jr., and Eugene V. R. Thayer will occupy cottages at Newport as usual. They are all cottage owners but the last named.

The reception of Post 2, G. A. R., of Philadelphia, at Newport was very brilliant and greatly enlivened by music. On the arrival of the train they were met by the Chas. E. Lawton Post, of that city, and the Newport brass band.

All the seventeen cottages at Long Beach to the east of the Long Beach Hotel one the beach, which are of a subdued Queen Anne style, are already engaged. A new feature at Long Beach is the railroad just built, running four miles along the beach.

A dramatic entertainment is announced at Atlantic City for Thursday evening, June 16. It will take place at City Hall. "The Ticket-of-Leave Man" and "The Rough Diamond" will amuse. The scenery for both pieces will be brought from Philadelphia.

President Garfield and wife are expected to pass a few days with Mrs. Mark Hopkins at Great Barrington, on their way to the Williams College commencement. Mrs. Hopkins is the lady who left California because the taxes on her twenty-five millions of dollars were so high.

Persons and Events.

Secretary Blaine is confined to his house by illness.

Gen. Butler is defending a liquor dealer in a suit at Lowell, Mass.,

The Rev. James Freeman Clark, of Boston, has gone on a trip to Grand Manan.

Hiram Sibley, of Rochester will present to Dr. Swift, the astronomer, spectroscope costing $1,000

Miss Minnie Palmer, the actress, is under a $5,000 bond to her manager not to marry for five years

Some of the New York bankers predict that money will be lending at one per cent, on call before July the first.

Judge Harlan's son is to be valedictorian at Princton College this year, and is now at home preparing his oration.

Colonel R. M. Pulsifer of the Boston *Herald* is proposed for the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Boston World's Fair.

Admiral Lord Dunsony of the British navy says that a "sailor" on a modern iron-clad is nothing but a "marine artilleryman in his iron casemate."

D. S. Alexander, recently made Fifth Auditor of the Treasury, entered the army when but fifteen years old, and served through the war as a private.

The Duke of Southerland is mentioned as greatly enjoying his American trip, repeatedly referring to the warm heart d hospitality of the people of America.

Mrs. Davison, who was a teacher at Hiram College when Garfield was a pupil there, is now a Cincinnati pauper, but happy and cheerful notwithstanding her hard lot.

Mme. Gerster is coming back in November to sing for $1,000 a night. Her season will begin in the South, reaching New Orleans, where she will sing in opera December 12.

The architectural craze in Washington just now finds expression in Queen Anne style—old gables, leaden window sash, diamond shaped glass, fireplaces inlaid with Dutch tiles—and so on.

William G. Wilson, of Chicago, President of the Wilson Sewing Machine Campany, is worth $5,000,000; but that does not prevent his incarceration in a kind of private inebriate asylum in New York.

The Mutual Union Telepraph Company are extending their wires through Washington by using the common sewers. This is an important experiment and one which all large cities will watch with great interest.

The Emperor William is not in good health. He suffers from lassitude, and cannot work for any length of time without becoming drowsy. Those who surround him try in every way to rouse and cheer him.

Short Rules for Long Comfort at Home.

Put self last.

Take little annoyances out of the way.

When any good happens to any one, rejoice.

When others are suffering, drop a word of sympathy.

Tell of your own faults rather than those of others.

A place for everything and everything in its place.

Hide your own troubles, but watch o help others out of theirs.

Take hold of the knob and shut every door behind you without slamming it.

Never interrupt any conversation, but wait patiently your turn to speak.

Look for beauty in everything and take a cheerful view of every event.

Carefully clean the mud and snow from your boots before entering the house.

If from any cause you feel irritable, try the harder to do little pleasant things.

Do not keep your good manners for company, but be equally polite at home and abroad.

When inclined to give an angry answer, press your lips together and say the alphabet.

Always speak politely and kindly to your help, if you would have them do the same to you.

When pained by an unkind word or act, ask yourself, "Have I not done as badly and desired forgiveness?"

A Colored Man's Account of Liberia

From the Hawkinsville Dispatch.

On Friday last, Elijah Gordon, colored, reached Hawkinsville after an absence of about ten years in Liberia. He says that the emigrants on reaching Liberia take the fever and many of them die. Nearly all of them would return immediately, if they had the money. He describes the climate as very warm—no difference between summer and winter. Coffee and ginger are only money crops. The people live on fruits and "casadas," a kind of root something like a sweet potato. These crops are never gathered, but taken from the ground as they are wanted for food. Ploughs are not used in the cultivation of the land. He says a cotton seed planted when they arrived ten years ago made a large stalk, which grew like a tree, and was still growing and bearing cotton when we left. The people have no stock. The natives subsist in a nude state, living upon the natural products of the land, and are separated by tribes which hate each other, and are continually at war. He does not think the country is improving any, as the main efforts of the emigrants, after they have seen the country, are devoted to plans or means by which to obtain money to return to the United States.

A woman out West threshed 350 bushels of wheat last year—and probably her husband into the bargain.

Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose that he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, indigestion, etc. A moisture like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, particularly at night, after getting warm in bed, is a very common attendant. Internal, External and Itching Piles yield at once on the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure where all other remedies have failed. Do not delay until the drain upon the system produces permanent disability, but try it and be cured. Price, 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it, and when you cannot obtain it of him, we will send it, prepaid, on receipt of price. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, Ohio. Sold by F. Potts Green. 21-17t

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Snow Shoe Coal and Improvement Company," the character and object of which is to carry on the business of mining, shipping and selling of bituminous coal and other minerals, the manufacturing and selling of lumber, with the right to purchase, hold and convey timber and coal lands and to improve and develope the same, and to manufacture iron and construct furnaces, and to dispose of all necessary property, real and personal, in connection with said business, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits, franchises and privileges conferred by said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

EDMUND BLANCHARD,
June 14, 1881. 24-3t Solicitor.

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THIS preparation is made from the roses of the Valley of Cashmere, and is entirely from sulphur, lead and other poisonous and irritating substances. It is richly perfumed and renders the use of pomades, hair oils, &c., unnecessary. It preserves, softens and beautifies the hair and gives it a rich lustre. It is excellent for an irritating or inflamed scalp. It never turns rancid. Your druggist sells a large bottle for 50 cents. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, 3d and Callowhill streets. Philadelphia, Pa. 12-20-1y 13-2

$1000 REWARD For any case of Itching, PILES Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated or Protruding Piles that DERING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It allays the itching, absorbs the tumors, gives immediate relief. Prepared by J. P. Miller, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa. CAUTION.—None genuine unless wrapper on bottle contains his Signature and a Pile of Stones. All druggists and country stores have it, or will get it for you. 18-

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2. It does not disarrange the shirt bosom.
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4. There is less strain on the buttons of the pantaloons.
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☞ In ordering by post send chest measure.

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3. It keeps the shoulders perfectly straight.
4. It relieves the back, hip and abdominal organs by supporting the entire weight of the clothing from the shoulders.
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SOLE AGENTS FOR BELLEFONTE, PA. 12-25-1y

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of HENRY MILLER, deceased, late of Spring township, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

CATHARINE MILLER,
WILLIAM H. MILLER,
Administrators.
Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa. 22-6t

FARM FOR SALE.—WILL BE OFFERED at private sale, the old Robert Hayes farm, situated about one mile from Beech Creek station, containing one hundred and seventy acres, more or less, under a good state of cultivation, having thereon good farm buildings. There is a good, young apple orchard just coming into bearing. There is on the place as abundance of good water. Terms reasonable. Apply to Executors of estate of Thomas Wilson, Loveville, Centre county, Pa. 20-6t*

COURTSHIP.—THE FACE IS AN INFALLIBLE index to character. How to read it is known to few. The key is plain and guaranteed to defy all the Sophistry of Courtship. Don't marry until you have it. For further information send two 3-cent stamps to Prof. A. E. DOTY, of Washington, D. C., and the return mail will bring it to you. 13-21-tf

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ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

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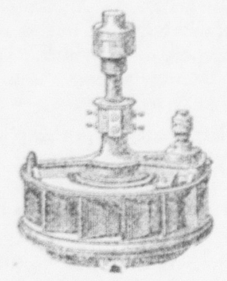

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We have taken great pains in selecting our stock of

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Ever offered to farmers in this community. They are good to stimulate the growth of Corn, Grass, Potatoes, Tobacco, Wheat, Vegetables, &c.

Prices low. Terms liberal. Fuller particulars will be cheerfully given to those who desire it at the

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Rum has been the cause of four deaths in Altoona during the past few weeks.

—John Dawson promises to wage a vigorous campaign this fall for Jackson and reform.

—The Fish Commissioners have spent the sum of $99,000 in stocking the streams of this State.

—Mr. Richard Harris, of Valentines' Works, is listening to the ocean's roar at Atlantic City.

—In some sections of the Bald Eagle valley the wheat crop is reported considerably damaged from rust.

—The latest version the slang fiend has invented is this: "Good evening; going to the ball this evening?" "Well, hardly ever."

—Business in police circles seems to be unusually quiet at present, although the usual number of drunks make their appearance nightly.

—The auditors are at work figuring out the condition of the borough finances. The report will be ready for the printers some time this week.

—The question now bothering our exchanges is whether Adam ever used the slang phrase "Some other eve." Well, hardly seldom, we guess.

—Bitner Post, G. A. R., of Lock Haven, will take part in the reunion at Gettysburg next month. The fare for the round trip from Lock Haven will be $3.72.

—A large party from this place visited Penn Cave on Saturday. They were transported in the new excursion chariot "Eureka," drawn by four flat-footed nags.

—Young America has begun to celebrate the Fourth in Bellefonte. The bang of the fire crackers, accompanied by fiendish yells, is heard frequently on the streets.

—The lady boarders of the Bush House, we see, now occupy their spare moments in playing pool on the handsome new table recently placed in position at that popular hostelry.

—Atlantic City seems to be the favorite seaside resort for Bellefonters this season. A few years since Cape May was the charmed spot, in the minds of our summer excursionists.

—Philipsburg, too, wants a greenhouse. Well, as in Bellefonte, it doesn't cost anything to want for such an enterprise, and will probably have little effect on men who carry long purses.

—A party of little folks picniced at Intersection on Saturday. A few older persons accompanied them to keep matters straight, and to prevent the provisions being kidnapped by tramps.

—The mule injured near Valentines' iron works, mention of which is made on second page, was shot in order to end his misery. Poor mule! We suppose he is now wearing wings in mule heaven.

—Saturday was a bright, breezy day for the transaction of business, but the number of visitors in town was not up to the average. Hollidays with farmers, at this season, are few and far between.

—Our readers needn't spend their time hunting up Vennor's predictions. We can tell you all about it. Here it is in a nutshell: Look out for more warm weather, with a shower sandwiched in occasionally. This can be relied upon.

—There seems to be some difficulty between the laborers at the car shops and the managers, the result of which was quite a number of the laboring-men quit work Friday morning. The source of this difficulty seems to be in the wages, but we hope it may be amaciably settled.

—A man from near Centre Hall spent two hours in examining a railroad map in the depot Saturday morning, to ascertain whether or no he would pass through Pittsburgh in going to Tyrone. He seldom travels by rail, and it is said was always a bad scholar in geography.

—An exchange very aptly remarks that the man who sits down in the middle of a pasture field expecting a cow to come to be milked, isn't any more foolish than the one who lays in a stock of merchandise and expects people to hunt him out and buy his goods without advertising.

—Mr. William Gares, employed in the plaining mill department of the car shops, had two fingers of his left hand nearly amputated on Friday morning. He was at work on the large planer when the accident occurred. The fingers were dressed, and Mr. Gares is resting easy, but it will be several weeks before he will again be able to resume work.

Defacing Fences.

The action of Governor Hoyt in approving the bill to prohibit the defacing of walls, fences, etc., by painting, posting or otherwise, will please property-holders, especially those who have on more than one occasion been chagrined at finding their fences and out-houses gorgeously decorated with patent medicine advertisements, circus posters and the like. The bill provides that if any person or persons shall, without the consent of the owner or owners thereof, willfully daub, paint advertisements or post placards upon, or otherwise deface the walls of any building or house, or the fences around the yards connected therewith, or any fences surrounding or enclosing any vacant lot or lots, farm or farms, or shall cause the same to be done by others, or if any person or persons shall, without the consent of the owner or owners thereof, daub, paint advertisements or post placards upon, or otherwise deface any tree or trees, or shall cause the same to be done by others, such offender or offenders shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding $25, and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or, both or either, at the discretion of the court.

A Philipsburger's Encouraging Prospects.

A correspondent from Chicago Creek, to the Idaho Springs *Advance*, speaks as follows of Mr. L. A. Shearer, who left Philipsburg, this county, recently to try his luck in the gold mines of Colorado: "Mr. Charley Thompson and Mr. L. A. Shearer, are working a lode on the creek in which free gold is visible to the naked eye. The seam is from one to three inches thick, and assays 50 ounces of gold and 370 ounces of silver to the ton. A shipment of ore will be made from this lode soon. The last shipment of ore which was obtained at grass roots gave a return of $220."

The *Journal* adds: Mr. Shearer has since written home and states that, after further developments, the seam is from one to five inches thick, and assays over $3,000 per ton. These facts are certainly very encouraging, and seem to indicate that Mr. Shearer's expectations will be realized partly, if not altogether.

The Next State Fair.

The Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society has issued its list of premiums for its next annual exhibition, to be held at Pittsburgh in September and October, in conjunction with the 5th annual exhibition of the Pittsburgh Exposition Society. The society offers for competition large prizes for the display of live stock, and the entire list of premiums is exceedingly liberal. Pittsburgh is making great preparrtions for the event. If any of our readers desire a copy of the preminm list they can obtain the same by writing to the secretary, D. W. Seiler, at Harrisburg.

—If the boys who are in the habit of going in bathing in the car shop's dam, at all hours of the day, do not cease their indecent practice, they will get into serious trouble. People living in that vicinity say they cannot go outside their doors without being obliged to face half a dozen or so of naked forms roving about but a few rods from the houses, and filling the air with hideous yells. The boys have been spoken to several times in regard to the matter, and the next move will be to send the police up there and gather a few of them in.

—Three members of the Bellefonte Sportsmen's Club—Messrs. Moore, Valentine and Deschner—visited Pleasant Hill Monday evening for the purpose of testing a new rotary double spring trap. Five rounds each were shot, and not a single error scored. When we consider that two balls were broken at each spring of the trap, it will be seen that this was remarkably good shooting. We don't think the score has ever been beaten in the county.

—A man from the rural districts narrowly escaped being run over Monday at the depot. He was standing on the track down which the engine was backing, and would undoubtedly have been crushed by the wheels had not several gentlemen standing near shouted to him. The engine was scarcely three feet from him when warned of his danger.

—Our young friend, Mr. Walter Bayard, accompanied his aunt to Williamsport on Saturday, remaining over Sunday. To act as escort to his aunt was not his principal object in visiting the Lumber City, though—no, indeedy. He went down to mass somebody's "bangs."

—The next meeting of the Susquehanna Dental Association will be held at Williamsport. The Lumber City seems to be a paradise for professional men—at least they seem to have an unusual number of reunions just now.

Hymen's Work.

On Wednesday last Miss Letitia, daughter of Greene Irvin, Esq., of Linden Hall, was united in marriage with Mr. Thomas F. Johnston, of Hollidaysburg. The affair was one of the most pleasant social events that has taken place in that section for a long time, and was largely attended by the friends of both bride and groom. Miss Letitia was an accomplished young lady with scores of admirers and friends, who will regret to learn of her departure from the state of "single blessedness." The fortunate groom is said to be an intelligent young man and in every way worthy of his accomplished bride. He is a member of the firm of B. W. Johnston & Co., extensive iron manufacturers at Hollidaysburg, and a thorough business man in every particular. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. Robert Hamill, of Linden Hall.

A large party of friends, including the mother of the groom, arrived here on Wednesday morning, and were driven to the residence of the bride's father in the large, handsome hack of Mr. Abram Baum. Quite a large delegation from Bellefonte was present, and, altogether, the event was one long to be remembered by all who were fortunate enough to participate. The bride and groom were driven to town in the evening, and on the late train departed for the east to spend their honeymoon visiting places of note in all the eastern cities, followed by the well-wishes of all their many friends. May the present happy and prosperous condition of both be emblematical of their future is the earnest hope of the NEWS.

Work Begun.

Work upon the forthcoming history of Centre and Clinton counties has already begun, and from this point forward will be vigorously prosecuted to completion. The public generally in both counties will recieve with satisfaction the announcement that Mr. John Blair Linn has been engaged by L. H. Everts, the publisher, to assume entire charge of the preparation of the general history, while work upon the township histories will be in the hands of a corps of capable writers. Mr. Linn's historical ability is recognized in this region as a household word, and the declaration that he will write the history under consideration will of course emphasize the conviction that the work will be faithfully and conscientiously performed.

—Mrs. Amanda Schroyer arrived in Bellefonte Thursday evening from Louisville, Ky., accompanied by her two children, taking her friends completely by surprise, as they never dreamt of her arriving at this time. Mrs. Schroyer is the wife of Charles A. Schroyer, formerly of this place, and daughter of Mr. Bartrum Galbraith, of Howard street, and has many friends hereabouts who will be pleased to hear of her presence in town. Mrs. Schroyer has not been enjoying good health for some time, and will remain in Bellefonte until completely recuperated in health before returning to her southern home.

—Philipsburg's new driving park was opened to the public on Wednesday of last week. The *Journal* says that although the grounds were not in the best condition in consequence of the heavy rains, there was a good turnout, over twenty "rigs" having been on the course at one time. A driving park, water works and a building boom! What will our enterprising sister town tackle next?

—We received a call on Saturday from Mr. W. G. Platt, of Philadelphia, of the State Geological Surveying Corps. The work of surveying Centre county will begin this week, and our farmer friends need not entertain any feelings of suspicion if called upon for information by the gentlemen engaged on the survey. When completed the survey will be an interesting and valuable work.

—The Pennsylvania railroad company has issued a neat and attractive excursion book for the season of '81, a copy of which we have received. The work is handsomely illustrated, and contains descriptions of excursion routes to and from all points of interest in the United States and Canada. The book can be had by applying to the company's ticket agent in this place.

—Capt. W. W. Potter and wife left the latter part of last week for Waukesha Springs, Wisconsin, expecting to be absent several months. Mr. Potter has long been in feeble health, and goes to Wisconsin with the hope of improving his physical condition. We hope the trip may prove beneficial, and that he will return a new-made man.

—Ex-Governor Curtin, in a suit against the Baltimore and Cumberland Valley Railroad Company for damages in running their road through his farm near Chambersburg, has been awarded $1,650 by a jury.

Death of a Venerable Lady.

On Tuesday last, the 14th instant, the spirit of Miss Hannah Pletcher, of Howard township, departed for its celestial habitation after a lingering and painful illness. Some months since Miss Pletcher received a paraletic stroke, and it was from the effects of this that her earthly existence was brought to a final close. For a period of forty-four days not a morsel of food passed her lips, and her life was only preserved so long through the little sustenance contained in ice water and a very little porter wine.

Miss Pletcher died in her 77th year, leaving behind her every indication that she was putting on that blessed immortality of which a whole life of sacred consecration to the Master's will justly merits. She was the daughter of the late venerable Henry Pletcher, one of the early settlers of Bald Eagle valley. She faced the storms of more than three score years unmarried, devoting her time to the temporal wants of a loving father and brothers, many of the latter yet residing in Howard township, and who feel the effects of her departure most keenly. But in her death we realize that there is another gem added to the heavenly diadem.

—While on a brief visit to Williamsport on Thursday we embraced the opportunity of calling upon our editorial brethren of the *Banner* and *Gazette & Bulletin*. The crew at the former office we found hard at work on an extra containing the proceedings of Seminary commencement. Knowing the frame of mind newspaper men are generally in on such occasions, and not caring to be run out of the ranche, we flitted up and down stairs very quietly, and granted our tongue an hour's vacation. The *Banner* is excellently located, in the heart of the city, and considering the contracted condition of the rooms in the building, is a well-arranged office. The Messrs. Wolfe, who have recently taken the helm, are courteous, enterprising gentlemen, and from outside appearances, have made a favorable start. Mr. Charles Fritcher, who has so ably conducted the *Gazette & Bulletin*, for seven years or more, transacts business in one of the neatest and best-equipped newspaper offices in the State. The sanctum-sanctorum is breezy, comfortable and cozy, and furnished "right up to the handle." In fact we were strongly tempted to take it along with us. The *G. & B.* is a first-rate inland daily, on a solid foundation, and it's no wonder its proprietors are genial, whole-souled fellows. Owing to our limited time we were obliged to deny ourselves a lunch in the *Breakfast Table* sanctum, but as that journal furnishes us a square meal once a week, we can afford to wait until another visit to the lumber city.

—Dr. James C. Bennett, a former Lock Haven dentist who it will be remembered murdered a rival practioner at La Crosse, Wisconsin, some two years ago, was sentenced on Tuesday last to imprisonment for life in penitentiary at Wanpun, that State. The story of this crime is a heart-rending one, and we will not relate it here. Bennett was born at Jersey Shore, Lycoming county, and was about thirty years of age. His parents were poor but very respectable people, and the news of their son's crime fell very hard on them. He studied dentistry at Lock Haven, and after having completed his course started west where he became addicted to drink, and the shooting of his rival, the name of whom we have forgotten, was done while he was in an intoxicated condition. And thus closes another chapter where whiskey has worked irreparable injury to a once bright and hopeful soul. May the example of his life be a beacon light in the pathway of those who are following in his wake.

—We hear that Miss Maggie Snowden, one of Bellefonte's accomplished music instructors, contemplates leaving us soon for another section of the country. During her residence in Bellefonte Miss Snowden has been very successful in her vocation, and the results attained have been satisfactory to both herself and pupils. The lady possesses marked ability as a teacher, and to substantiate this assertion we have only to say that she holds in her possession a diploma awarded her by Wesleyan Musical College, of Cincinnati, which we recently had the pleasure of examining. Miss Snowden is held in high esteem by her pupils and friends in general, who hope that she may be induced to alter her intentions and remain in Bellefonte for another season, at least.

—We hear that the round house in this place is shortly to be closed, and the employees transferred to other points on the road.

—Rev. Laurie exchanged pulpits with Rev. Moore, of Tyrone, on Sunday.

—Names of persons who contributed flowers, wreaths, crosses, boquets and floral designs for decoration purposes, May 30th, 1881:

George Parsons, Charlie Roan, Harry E. Jenkins, John Given, Mrs. John Weaver, Nettie Bradley, George Johnston, George Lonberger, Willie Marshall, John Redding, Katie Lose, George Shope, Luly Smith, Charlie Sweeny, Willis Williams, Geo. Miller, Emma Aikens, Jennie Strickland, George Valentine, George Downing, Emma Downing, Geo. Mallory, Ed. Mallory, Nellie Smith, Christ Smith, Geo. Mallory Harry Wian, Emma Wian, Laura Patton, M. T. Milliken, Henritta Butts, Lydie Sheridan, Sadie Sheridan, Annie E. Gray, Rollie I. Curtin, Gregg Curtin, Ed. Haines, Bella Jones and sister, Johnie Haines, Fannie Twitmire, Lydie Jackson, Gracie Laird, Mary H. Linn, Edith Ginter, Clara Ginter, Joe Kennedy, Frank Van Ormer, Tone Blair, Rosa Baum, Hilda Baum, Kittie Dolan, Annie Gerbrick, Nellie Fauble, Sallie Baum, John Pearl, Freddy Welles, Sammy Irvin, Jennie Irvin, Harry Irvin, Newlin Irvin, Willie Hunter, Curtis Swartz, Conductor and Engineer Nolan and train hands for a plentiful supply of mountain flowers, Elsie Hastings, John Long, Maggie Smith, Sadie Walkey, Ruble Smith, Nannie Smith, Harry Walkey, Katie Bullock, Harry Bullock, Andy Cruse, Emma Herkimer, Fanny Smith, Elsie Herkimer, Benner Armor, Charlie Cruse, Robert Bartley, Ollie Tripple, Lulu Tripple, Bertha Derr, Bertie Derr, Amanda Ginter, Nannie Woodring, Mabel Woodring, Jimmie B. Baney, Katie Benner, Herbert T. Benner, Lillie Benner, Thomas Norman, Eva Powers, Hellen Malin, Sadie Malin William Brew, John Anderson, John Bowers, Homer Crissman, Alice Givens, Klide Blackford, Sirch Bolinger, William Wolf, Lula C. Stover, Viola E. Stiver, Maggie Wallas, Carrie Glenn, Temp Cruse, Schuyler Swaveley, Nellie Kline, Jule Powers, William Wolf, Mollie Long, Mollie Gilmore, Ellie Williams, Jimmie Nolan, David Meese, Ellie Smith, Hattie Swavley, Ettie Straub, Stella D Nolan, Myra Holliday, Bessie McCartney, Maudie Harper, Bernice Harper, May Miller, Rosie Kellie, y Millie Smith, Emma Sprankle, Clara Hoover, Bella Hoover, Harry Keller, Willie Keller, Sallie Seibert, Davie Steel, Ellis Glenn, Mary Walker, Lidie Wolf, Walter Wolf, Edmond Blanchard, Joseph Mitchell, Herbert Bartley, John Morgan, Becky Davis, Blanch Garberich, Millie Davis, Alvie Griff, Jennie Pontius, Alice Garberich, Francis Straub, Mr. H A Williams, Hattie Valentine, James R Kinsloe, Helen J Griffith, Miss Ella Hale, Lidie Waite, Mary Waite, M Kellerman, E A Smith Masters, and Harry Eddie Cowdrick, Miss Bertha Derr, Miss Mary C Eccard, Willie P Flack, Mollie Flack, Johnny Flack, Lizzie Garrett, Mamie Steel, Tommie Shope, Joe Pennington, Zig Shope, Loo Shope, Tom Mitchell, Mrs W J Zellers, Kate Caldwell, John McCartney, Henry Linn, Willie Dawson, Jessie Dawson, Max Furey, Kate Furey, Nip Furey, Elijah Shope, Willie Shope, Willie Rogers, Charles Wetzel, Mary Morris, Willie Doak, Ellie Doak, Kate W Derstine, Thomis Swartz, Mrs. Amos Mullen, Lillie Jones, Minnie Fusser, Percy Blackford, Simon Baum, Louis Wetzel, Wm. Pennington, Alonzo Potter, Berthina Potter, Minnie Potter, Bertha Haupt, Willie Garrett, Lizzie Redding Miss Bertie Alexander, J R Zimmerman.

THANKS.

The committee on Floral Decoration, G. A. R., deem it no more than just to say they owe to the children of Bellefonte whatever of success may have attended their Decoration ceremonies. The ladies who composed the committee, worked the flowers into wreaths, crosses, and boquets, suffered nothing to be lost that would decorate, and supplied graciously the benefit of their experience and culture. But the boys and girls gathered the fragrant treasures from the fields and generously made them a free gift.

We acknowledge gratefully the receipt of wreaths, crosses, and boquets, prepared by friends at home; these were numerous and very handsome.

Comrade William Jones deserves mention for the preparation of the Court House for the ceremony in the evening; but he, too, had ladies to help, whose taste supplied the decorations upon the altar.

Ladies Aid Committee on Decoration.—Miss Sallie Benner, Mrs. D. M. Glenn, Mrs. J. G. Love, Mrs. John I. Curtin, Mrs. Amos Mullen, Mrs. E. T. Tuten, Mrs. W. S. Zellers, Miss Sallie Burnside, Mrs. John N. Lane, Mrs. R. C. Cheesman, Mrs. E. A. Smith, Mrs. Col. Dare, Mrs. D. H. Hastings.

These acknowledgments, being made to all our benefactors, we now think it proper that we should say to those children and youths, who expected to take part in the ceremonial at the cemetery, that the threatening rain necessarily curtailed that feature in the services, viz, of receiving the flowers and handing them to the comrades upon the entry of the latter into the cemetery.

R. C. IRVIN,
H. A. WILLIAMS,
JAS. H. RANKIN,
H. H. BENNER,
E. A. SMITH,
Committee.

—Mr. Martin Haines came down from his mountain retreat on Saturday evening and spent the Sabbath with his friends hereabouts. William Burnside also arrived home from Cresson for a day's visit.

—The Episcopal Sunday-school, we are informed, will picnic on Thursday of this week at Intersection. This will be the first of the season, and will no doubt be largely attended. All aboard!

—P. Gray Meek, Esq., of the *Watchman*, left Monday for Philadelphia, enroute to Long Branch, the destination of the Pennsylvania Editorial excursionists. His wife accompanied him.

—The local freight steamed into town Monday at the rate of about twenty-five miles an hour. That's jumping a crossing most too fast, where no flagmen are employed.

—The first shipment of new cars from the Bellefonte Car Works occurred Monday. There were twelve in number, and were shipped to the Northern Central railroad.

—It looks as though that instrument for depriving boys of their fingers, the toy pistol, would have to go. Well, it ought to, and every parent should assist its going.

—Berwind, White & Co., Snow Shoe, are mining on an average of 800 tons of coal per day. These are considered pretty extensive operations.

A Temperance Lecture.

The following extract is taken from an address recently delivered by C. T. Campbell, a noted temperance agitator, and in it will be found a lecture complete. We submit it to the careful consideration of those who are in the habit of tippling, and looking at it from a pecuniary standpoint, suggest that they carry its teaching into operation:

"Barkeepers generally pay on an average, $2 per gallon for whiskey. One gallon contains an average of sixty-five drinks, and at ten cents a drink the poor man pays $6.50 per gallon for his whiskey, in other words he pays $2 for the whiskey and $4.50 to the man for handing it over the bar. Make your wife your bar-keeper. Lend her two dollars to buy a gallon of whiskey for a beginning, and every time you want a drink go to her and pay ten cents for it. By the time you have drank a gallon she will have $6.50 or enough money to refund the $2 borrowed of you, pay for another gallon of liquor, and have a balance of $2.50. She will be able to conduct future operations on her own capital, and when you become an inebriate, unable to support yourself, shunned and despised by all respectable persons, your wife will have enough to keep you until you get ready to fill a draunkard's grave."

Saturday Rifle Practice.

The Fencibles (Co. B) put in a couple of hours at the Fair Grounds on Saturday in rifle practice. The men shot at the 200 yards range, off-hand, and, as will be seen by the score below, the result, on the whole, was highly creditable for this distance:

Hale	2	0	4	4	4	5	—19
Mullen	3	0	4	2	3	3	—15
Osmer	3	2	4	0	3	0	—12
Morrison	3	2	2	3	0	2	—12
Miller	2	3	2	2	4	4	—17
Powers	2	3	3	0	4	4	—16
Mauck	0	2	3	4	0	2	—11
McMullen	2	3	0	0	3	—	8
VanPelt	4	3	4	3	3	4	—21
Gross	5	4	2	4	4	0	—20

VanPelt, as usual, carried off the medal, scoring 21 out of a possible 30, but narrowly escaped having his feathers plucked by Gross, who surprised his comrades by his excellent shooting. Lieutenant Hale, with 19 to his credit, took third "cake."

—The Governor has signed the bill taxing owners and harborers of dogs, which provides that every city of the Commonwealth shall have power to pass ordinances taxing the owners and harborers of dogs, and providing for the destroying of all dogs found at large contrary to any ordinance. It repeals all acts inconsistent with the foregoing. If this law is enforced in Bellefonte it will no doubt have the desirable effect of reducing our dog population considerable. We can well spare two or three hundred yelping, snarling curs from our midst.

—Mr. James W. Clark, of Lock Haven, a former typo in the *Democrat* office of that place, but now Register and Recorder of Clinton county, was married the other day to Miss Barbara A. Brady. Alas, James!

A distinguished looking man appeared in a California town, and, falling ill, could not tell his wants in English. Several Germans visited him, and he talked to them, asking one of them to write his will, in which he described himself as Count Carl von Schiller, and gave to each of his benefactors from 10,000 to 15,000 ducats. Renewed attentions were paid to him; but now he is in jail.

A preacher in Rock County, Kansas, had been for weeks conducting a wonderfully successful revival. "Dear Brethern and sisters," he said one day, "this is the last meeting I shall hold. It is impossible to keep up a fervor on corn bread and molasses for myself and an ear of corn a day for my horse. God bless you."

WHEREAS it has pleased an allwise Providence to suddenly remove from our midst P. G. Henry Miller, an exemplary member of our order, I. O. O. F.; therefore

Resolved, 1st, That in the death of Brother P. G. Henry Miller, this Lodge has been deprived of one of its most valuable and efficient member, whose life was worthy of imitation as a Brother Odd Fellow, a parent and a citizen.

2nd, That while we sincerely sympathize with the bereaved family so suddenly called upon to mourn the lost of its most honored head, we at the same time point with just pride to a life well spent, and having been equal to all the responsibilities usually incident thereto.

3rd. That the foregoing resolutions be published in one of the county papers, published at Bellefonte, and a copy of the same be furnished, by the Secretary, to the family of the deceased.

H. Y. STITZER,
C. T. GERBERICK, } Com.
A. HIBLER,

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, June 21, 1881.

Wheat, No. 1	$1 00
" " 2	90
" " 3	80
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, ear	45
Corn, shelled, old	50
Oats	40
Cloverseed	4 50@5 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	5 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$18 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	16 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$7 10
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	12
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Bacon	10
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	12½
Potatoes per bushel, old	75
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	35@50
Dried sweet corn per pound	8